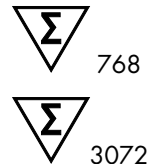


April 2021

# *artus*<sup>®</sup> SARS-CoV-2 Prep&Amp UM Kit Handbook (Instructions for Use)



Version 1

For Research use only. Not for diagnostic procedures.

For use on Rotor-Gene<sup>®</sup> Q MDx and ABI<sup>®</sup> 7500 Fast Dx instruments

**REF**

4511400, 4511409

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**R1**

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# Intended Use

The *artus* SARS-CoV-2 Prep&Amp UM Kit is a real-time RT-PCR test intended for the qualitative detection of nucleic acid from the SARS-CoV-2 in nasopharyngeal swabs (NPS), nasal swabs, and oropharyngeal swabs. The assay is for research use only. It is not intended for diagnostic procedures.

The *artus* SARS-CoV-2 Prep&Amp UM Kit is intended to be used with the Rotor-Gene Q (RGQ) MDx System or the ABI 7500 Fast Dx as RT-PCR instruments.

# Description and Principle

## Pathogen information

Coronaviruses, a genus in the family *Coronaviridae*, are large enveloped, positive-stranded RNA viruses that cause highly virulent disease in humans and domestic animals (1). Coronaviruses are known to infect humans account for one-third of common cold infections and are also a well-known cause of nosocomial upper respiratory infections in premature infants (2).

A novel member of the coronavirus family caused an outbreak of the respiratory disease in Wuhan City in China (1, 3). First named novel coronavirus (2019-nCoV), the SARS-CoV-2 differs from the SARS-CoV (1, 3), which is responsible for the 2003 outbreak, and the MERS-CoV, which has been severing in the Middle East since 2012. SARS-CoV-2 is the causative agent of COVID-19. The SARS-CoV-2 RNA is detectable during the early and acute phases of the infection from various specimen samples (nasal, oropharyngeal, and nasopharyngeal swabs) (3).

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Combined with the patient history and the SARS-CoV-2 epidemiology, RT-PCR assays have become the gold standard for SARS-CoV-2 diagnosis. The European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control (ECDC) has proposed to combine RT-PCR-based assays with immunoassays to monitor infection status and to evaluate the efficiency of the restrictive measures taken to control the outbreak (4, 5).

The SARS-CoV-2 Prep&Amp UM assay targets 2 viral genes (N1 and N2 genes) detected with the same fluorescence channel. The two gene targets are not differentiated, and amplification of either or both gene targets leads to a fluorescence signal. Positive results are indicative of the presence of the SARS-CoV-2 virus but do not rule out co-infection with other pathogens. On the other hand, negative RT-PCR results do not exclude a possible infection, as the virus may have migrated to the lungs at the advanced pathological stages.

## Summary and explanation

The *artus* SARS-CoV-2 Prep&Amp UM Kit constitutes a ready-to-use system with a simple sample preparation step followed by detection of the SARS-CoV-2 RNA using RT-PCR on either the RGQ MDx system or ABI 7500 Fast Dx platforms (Figure 1). The SARS-CoV-2 UM Amp Buffer contains reagents and enzymes for the specific amplification of a 72 base pair (bp) and a 67 bp regions of the SARS-CoV-2 RNA genome and for their direct detection in the “Green” fluorescence channel of the RGQ MDx instruments and with the fluorescent filter A/1 of the ABI 7500 Fast Dx.

The Primer and Probe Mix of the *artus* SARS-CoV-2 Prep&Amp UM Kit also contains the oligonucleotides required for the RNase P amplifications. When detected in the “Yellow” fluorescence channel of the RGQ MDx instrument or with the fluorescent filter 2/B of the ABI 7500 Fast Dx, those amplicons assure that enough biological sample has been collected on the swab. This control is critical to ensure the presence of a biological sample in SARS-CoV-2 negative samples. A yellow amplification should always be detectable; otherwise, it questions the sample quality.

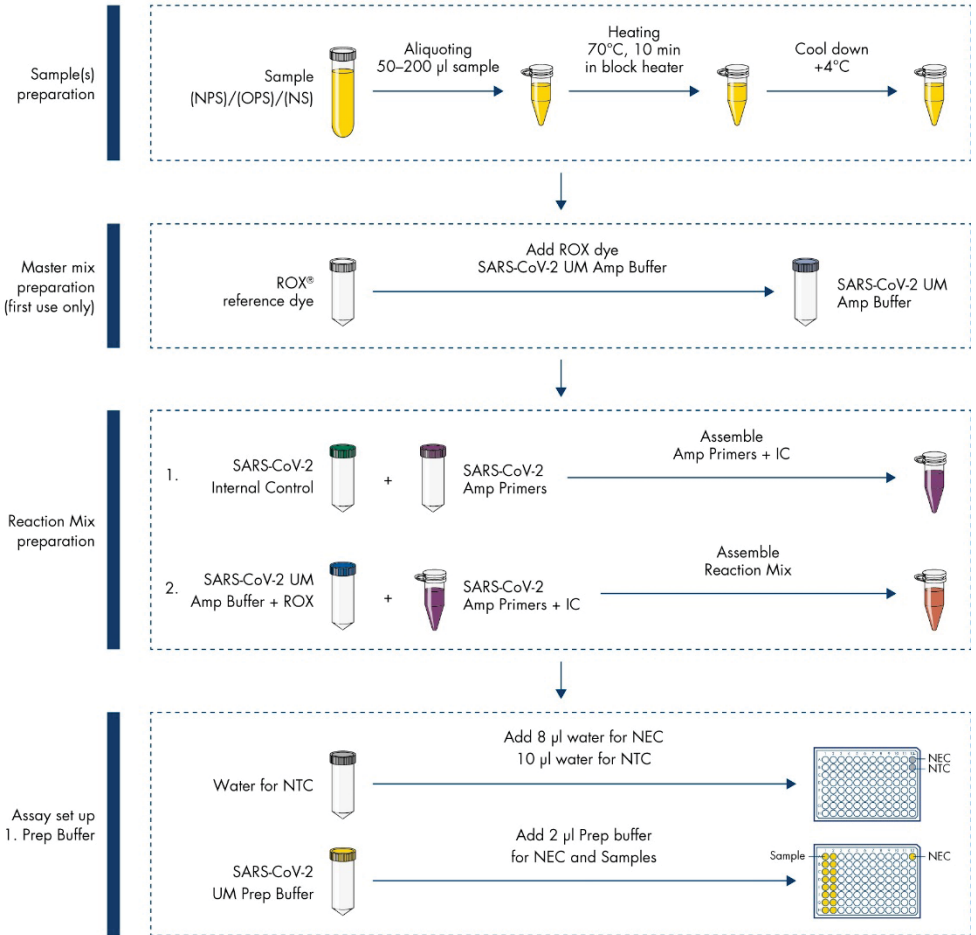
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The *artus* SARS-CoV-2 Prep&Amp UM Kit also contains a third heterologous amplification system to reveal possible RT-PCR inhibition. This is detected as an internal RNA control (IC) in the “Red” fluorescence channel of the RGQ MDx instruments and with the fluorescence filter E/5 of the ABI 7500 Fast Dx. Because the IC is included in the SARS-CoV-2 Amp Primers Mix, its amplification should be constant unless a RT-PCR inhibitor is present in the sample or in the RT-PCR reaction, which delays or prevents amplification.

External positive and negative controls (SARS-CoV-2-UM Positive Control and nuclease-free water used as NTC, respectively) are supplied in the *artus* SARS-CoV-2 Prep&Amp UM Kit to attest of the performance of the PCR step. A no extraction control (SARS-CoV-2 UM Prep Buffer used as NEC) is strongly recommended to verify the absence of RT-PCR inhibitors in the sample preparation buffer.

Taken together, the efficiency of the reverse transcription and the PCR steps are monitored by these controls.

## artus SARS-CoV-2 Prep&Amp UM Kit workflow



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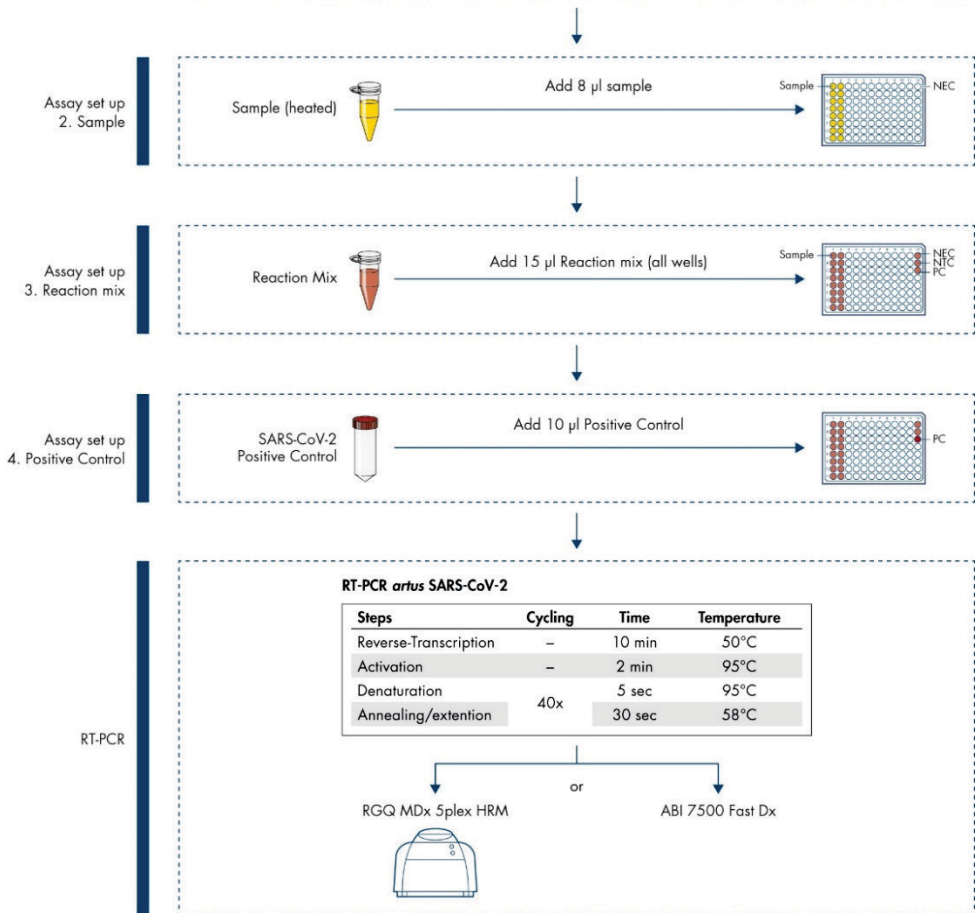


Figure 1. *artus* SARS-CoV-2 Prep&Amp UM Kit workflow



# Materials Provided

## Kit contents

<i>artus</i> SARS-CoV-2 Prep&Amp UM Kit				(768)	(3072)
Catalog no.				4511400	4511409
Number of reactions				768	3072
Tube color	Lid Color	Identity	Tube ID	Volume (µl)	Volume (µl)
Clear	<b>Yellow</b>	SARS-CoV-2 UM Prep Buffer	<b>Preparation Buffer</b>	2 x 930	8 x 930
Clear	<b>Clear</b>	ROX Reference Dye	<b>ROX Dye</b>	1 x 210	4 x 210
Clear	<b>Blue</b>	SARS-CoV-2 UM Amp Buffer	<b>Master Mix</b>	4 x 1440	16 x 1440
Clear	<b>Purple</b>	SARS-CoV-2 Amp Primers	<b>Primers and Probes</b>	4 x 1680	16 x 1680
Clear	<b>Green</b>	SARS-CoV-2 Internal Control	<b>Internal Control (IC)</b>	1 x 1390	4 x 1390
Clear	<b>Clear</b>	Water for NTC	<b>Water (NTC)</b>	1 x 1900	4 x 1900
Clear	<b>Red</b>	SARS-CoV-2 Positive Control	<b>Positive Control</b>	1 x 220	4 x 220

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## Kit components

### Reagents

In each tube, the reagent volumes have been optimized for 8 batches of 96 samples (for the 768 reactions kit) or 32 batches of 96 reactions (for the 3072 reactions kit), including a positive control (PC), a no template control (NTC), and a no extraction control (NEC).

Fewer or a greater number of samples may be run, but there will be sub-optimal reagents usage. It is recommended to avoid multiple freeze–thaw cycles. Reagents may be aliquoted to avoid multiple freeze–thaw cycles.

### Controls and calibrators

The assay contains 4 controls to monitor the RT-PCR efficiency.

**Internal control (IC):** The internal control is a single-strand IVT RNA that verifies the presence of contaminants that could inhibit the reverse transcription. The internal control also monitors the reverse transcription efficiency in the no template control (NTC) and in the no extraction control (NEC).

**No template control (NTC):** The no template control is composed of nuclease-free water. It is added to the PCR plate to verify introduction of contaminants during the PCR plate preparation that could interfere with the detection of the SARS-CoV-2 targets.

**Positive control (PC):** The positive control is a double-strand DNA amplified with the SARS-CoV-2 Primers and Probes (P&P mix). Its detection verifies the efficiency of the reagent involved in the PCR amplification step.

**No extraction step (NEC):** The no extraction control is composed of the SARS-CoV-2 UM Prep Buffer. It is processed in parallel with the clinical samples to verify introduction of contaminants during the sample preparation that could interfere with the detection of the SARS-CoV-2 targets.

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## Platforms and software

Prior to use, ensure that instruments have been maintained and calibrated according to the manufacturer's recommendations. This kit can be used in two workflows that require the use of the Rotor-Gene Q MDx 5plex HRM or the ABI 7500 Fast Dx instruments and their appropriate software:

- Rotor-Gene Q MDx 5plex HRM: Rotor-Gene Q software version 2.3.1 or higher
- ABI 7500 Fast Dx: SDS software version 1.4.1 or higher

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# Materials Required But Not Provided

## Consumables

- Disposable powder-free gloves
- Sterile and nuclease-free pipette tips with filters
- 1.5 ml or 2 ml PCR-free tubes
- 0.1 ml PCR tubes for use with the Rotor-Gene Q MDx (QIAGEN Strip Tubes and Caps, 0.1 ml, cat. no. 981103)
- 96-Well MicroAmp™ for use with the ABI 7500 Fast Dx qPCR platform (Applied Biosystems 96-well plate, cat. no. N8010560)
- MicroAmp Optical Adhesive film for use with the ABI 7500 Fast Dx qPCR platform (Applied Biosystems, cat. no. 4360954)

## Equipment\*

- Desktop centrifuge with rotor for 2 ml reaction tubes
- Pipettes (adjustable)
- Vortex mixer
- Block heater
- Rotor-Gene Q MDx 5plex HRM (QIAGEN cat. no. 9002032) on Rotor-Gene Q software version 2.3.1 or higher
- Rotor-Disc 72 Rotor (QIAGEN, cat. no. 9018899)
- Rotor-Disc 72 Locking Ring (QIAGEN, cat.no. 9018900)
- 72-well loading block (QIAGEN loading block 72 x 0.1 ml tubes, cat. no 9018901)
- Alternatively: ABI 7500 Fast Dx qPCR platform (Thermo Fisher Scientific, cat. no 4406985) on software version 1.4.1 or higher and a 96-well plate centrifuge

\* Prior to use and when applicable, ensure that instruments have been checked and calibrated according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

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# Warnings and Precautions

Please be aware that you may be required to consult your local regulations for reporting serious incidents that have occurred in relation to the device to the manufacturer.

## Safety information

When working with chemicals, always wear a suitable lab coat, disposable gloves, and protective goggles. For more information, please consult the appropriate safety data sheets (SDSs). These are available online in a convenient and compact PDF format at **[www.qiagen.com/safety](http://www.qiagen.com/safety)**, where you can find, view, and print the SDS for each QIAGEN kit and kit component.

Always wear appropriate personal protective equipment, including but not limited to disposable powder-free gloves, a lab coat, and protective eyewear. Protect skin, eyes, and mucus membranes. Change gloves often when handling samples.

All samples should be treated as potentially hazardous. Always observe safety precautions as outlined in relevant guidelines, such as the Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute® (CLSI) *Protection of Laboratory Workers from Occupationally Acquired Infections; Approved Guideline* (M29), or other appropriate documents.

Specimens and samples are potentially infectious. Discard sample and assay waste according to your local safety procedures.

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## Precautions

- Observe standard laboratory procedures for keeping the working area clean and contamination-free. Dedicate an area with specific equipment to manipulate RNA.
- Follow good laboratory practices to minimize cross-contamination.
- Pay attention to avoid contamination with RNase during the experiment and use RNase-free plasticware.
- Make sure to have a good traceability with records, especially for sample identification.

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# Reagent Storage and Handling

Attention should be paid to expiration dates and storage conditions printed on all components' box and labels. Do not use expired or incorrectly stored components.

The *artus* SARS-CoV-2 Prep&Amp UM Kit can be kept at  $-30^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $-15^{\circ}\text{C}$  for 6 months.

# Specimen Transport, Storage, and Handling

The *artus* SARS-CoV-2 Prep&Amp UM Kit is for use with nasopharyngeal, nasal, and oropharyngeal swabs. All samples should be treated as potentially hazardous.

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and the Public Health England provide guidelines for sample collection, handling, and testing clinical specimens. Refer to these guidelines for additional information.

## Specimen collection and storage

For swab specimen collection, conservation, and transport, please refer to the supplier's recommendations. Swabs must be immersed in transport media.

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# Protocol: Sample preparation and SARS-CoV-2 Detection on the RGQ MDx 5plex HRM

This protocol describes the sample and the RT-PCR preparation to detect the SARS-CoV-2 targets in human nasal, nasopharyngeal, or oropharyngeal swabs stored in transport media on the RGQ MDx 5plex HRM.

## Important points before starting

- Verify that the expiration dates and storage conditions printed on the box and all component labels are followed. Do not use expired or incorrectly stored components.
- Use well-maintained and calibrated equipment.
- Pay attention to avoid contamination with RNAses during the experiment, and use nuclease-free plasticware.

## Things to do before starting

- Samples may be kept at room temperature during preparation steps and reaction setup, but it is recommended to keep them on ice or at 4°C on a cooling rack.
- Before use, let the SARS-CoV-2 UM Prep Buffer, SARS-CoV-2 UM Amp Buffer, SARS-CoV-2 Amp Primers, SARS-CoV-2 IC, Water for NTC, and SARS-CoV-2 UM Positive Control completely thaw at room temperature (15–25°C). Keep tubes at room temperature and protected from light until use.
- Before use, homogenize the SARS-CoV-2 UM Prep Buffer and the SARS-CoV-2 UM Amp Buffer by inverting them 2-3 times (do not vortex), followed by a quick spin. All the other individual solutions can be homogenized by pulse vortexing for 3-5 seconds or by inverting 2-3 times, followed by a quick spin.
- The SARS-CoV-2 UM Prep Buffer inhibits RNAses present in the samples for the detection step, but it is not a virus-inactivating solution. All samples should be treated as potentially hazardous.
- Verify that the cycling conditions of the qPCR platform are as specified in this protocol.
- Reagents may be aliquoted to avoid multiple freeze–thaw cycles.



- Freshly prepare the reaction mix (<2 h to the RT-PCR plate launch).
- To minimize contamination, the sample and the RT-PCR preparations should be done in distinct zones.

## Procedure

1. Sample preparation
  - 1a. Vortex the swab containing the sample vigorously.
  - 1b. Aliquot 50-200  $\mu$ l of sample into 1.5mL PCR-free tubes
  - 1c. Perform heating step at 70°C for 10 min on a block heater. Cool down the samples on ice for at least 5 min., then keep the samples on ice or at 4°C.
2. At first use, complete the SARS-CoV-2 UM Amp Buffer with the ROX reference dye.
  - 2a. Add 32.8  $\mu$ l of the ROX dye to 1 tube of SARS-CoV-2 UM Amp Buffer.
  - 2b. Close the lid containing the SARS-CoV-2 UM Amp Buffer and the ROX dye and invert the tube 3 times.
  - 2c. Spin down the SARS-CoV-2 UM Amp Buffer containing ROX dye at the bottom of the tube.
3. For a full RGQ MDx plate (72 wells), prepare an aliquot mix of the SARS-CoV-2 Amp Primers with the SARS-CoV-2 Internal Control.
  - 3a. Transfer the required volumes of the SARS-CoV-2 Amp Primers and the SARS-CoV-2 Internal Control according to Table 1 into a new 1.5 mL PCR-free tube.
  - 3b. Close the lid and invert the tube 3 times or pulse vortex the tube for 3-5 s.
  - 3c. Spin down the SARS-CoV-2 Amp Primers containing the IC at the bottom of the tube.

**Table 1. SARS-CoV-2 Amp Primers + IC mix setup**

Reagents	SARS-CoV-2 Amp Primers + IC mix		Number of reactions Volume ( $\mu$ l)	
	Stock concentration	Final concentration	1 rxn	72 rxns (+ 22% extra volume*)
SARS-CoV-2 Amp Primers	<b>3.45x</b>	1x	7.25	638
SARS-CoV-2 Internal Control	166.67 cp/ $\mu$ l	10 cp/ $\mu$ l	1.5	132
Total SARS-CoV-2 Amp Primers + IC mix			8.75	770

\* **Note:** Adjust the volumes of SARS-CoV-2 UM Amp Primers, of SARS-CoV-2 Internal Control according to the number of samples to be tested. Consider extra volume to compensate for the dead volume.

4. Prepare a reaction mix according to Table 2 and mix thoroughly.

**Table 2. Reaction mix setup**

RT-PCR reaction mix			Number of reactions Volume (µl)	
Reagents	Stock concentration	Final concentration	1 rxn	72 rxns (+20% extra volume*)
SARS-CoV-2 UM Amp buffer <sup>†</sup>	4x	1x	6.25	540
SARS-CoV-2 Amp Primers <sup>‡</sup>	<b>2.9x</b>	1x	8.75	756
Total reaction volume	–		15.00	1296

\* **Note:** Adjust the volumes of SARS-CoV-2 UM Amp buffer, of SARS-CoV-2 Amp Primers according to the number of samples to be tested. Consider extra volume to compensate for the dead volume.

<sup>†</sup> SARS-CoV-2 UM Amp Buffer completed with the ROX Reference Dye.

<sup>‡</sup> SARS-CoV-2 Amp Primers completed with the SARS-CoV-2 Internal Control.

5. Dispense 8 µl of nuclease-free water to the PCR tube assigned to the NEC.
6. Load 10 µl of nuclease-free water into the PCR tube assigned to the NTC.
7. Dispense 2 µl of SARS-CoV-2 UM Prep Buffer into each PCR tube assigned to the NEC and to the prepared samples.
8. Add 8 µl of the prepared sample to a PCR tube containing the SARS-CoV-2 UM Prep Buffer. Mix by pipetting up and down 5 times.
9. Add 15 µl of the reaction mix prepared in Step 4 to the tubes dedicated to samples and controls (Figure 2 provided as an example). Mix by pipetting up and down 5 times, then close the PCR tube lids, except for the one reserved as the SARS-CoV-2 Positive Control.
 

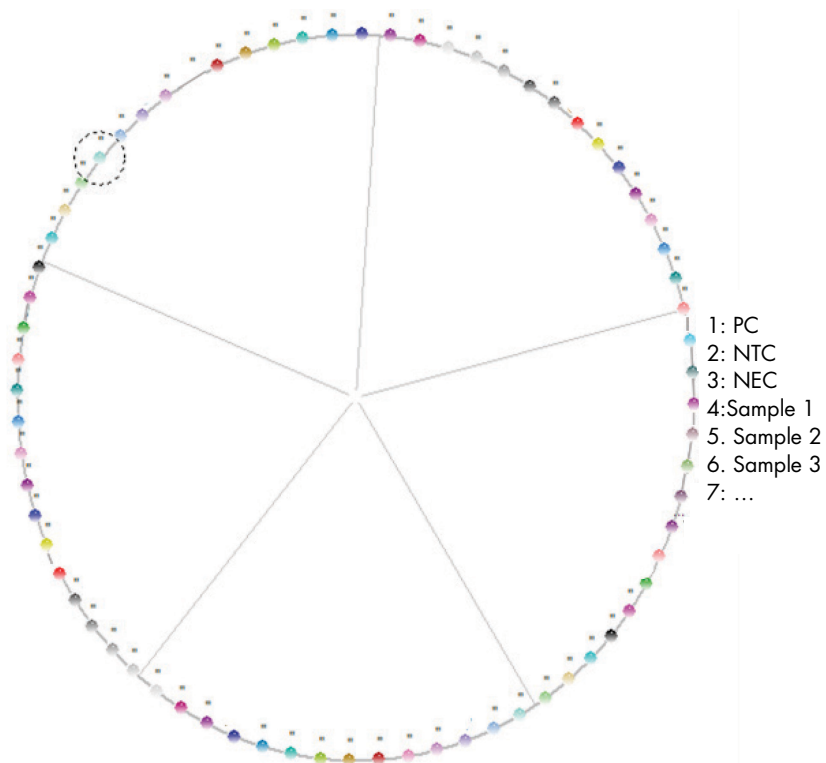
**Note:** Verify that tubes are well closed to prevent cross-contamination.
10. Load 10 µl of the SARS-CoV-2 Positive Control into the appropriate PCR tube. Mix by pipetting up and down 5 times.
11. Set the RT-PCR program of the RGQ MDx 5plex HRM according to specifications in Table 3
 

**Note:** Data acquisition should be performed during the annealing/extension step.
12. Place tubes in the real-time cycler (an example of tube layout is represented in Figure 2), and start the cycling program as described in Table 3.
 

**Note:** Be careful to follow the same tube position and order between the assay set-up and the real-time cycler steps.

**Table 3. SARS-CoV-2 Prep&Amp UM program**

Steps	Time	Temperature (°C)	Number of cycles	Acquisition
Reverse transcription	10 min	50	1	No
PCR initial heat activation	2 min	95	1	No
2-step cycling				No
Denaturation	5 s	95	40	Green (FAM), Yellow (HEX) and Red (Atto)
Annealing/Extension	30 s	58		



**Figure 2. Example of tube layout on the RGQ MDx 5plex HRM platform**

13. Click **Gain optimization** in the “New Run Wizard” and open **Auto-gain Optimization Setup**.

14. Verify that the acquisition channels are set as described in Table 4.

**Table 4. RGQ MDx 5plex HRM configuration**

<b>Name</b>	<b>PC tube position</b>	<b>Min reading (FI)</b>	<b>Max reading (FI)</b>	<b>Min gain</b>	<b>Max gain</b>
<b>Green</b>	1*	5 FI	10 FI	-10	10
<b>Yellow</b>	1*	5 FI	10 FI	-10	10
<b>Red</b>	1*	5 FI	10 FI	-10	10

\* **Note:** This needs to be changed according to the SARS-CoV-2 Positive Control tube position.

15. Select **Perform optimization before the first acquisition.**

16. Start the run.

17. At the end of the run, analyze the results (see the Results section).

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# Protocol: Sample Preparation and SARS-CoV-2 Detection on ABI 7500 Fast Dx

This protocol is for preparing and detecting SARS-CoV-2 targets in human nasal, nasopharyngeal, or oropharyngeal swabs stored in transport media on the ABI 7500 Fast Dx qPCR instrument.

## Important points before starting

- Verify that the expiration dates and storage conditions printed on the box and all component labels are followed. Do not use expired or incorrectly stored components.
- Use well-maintained and calibrated equipment.
- Pay attention to avoid contamination with RNAses during the experiment, and use nuclease-free plasticware.
- When using ABI 7500 Fast Dx, ROX Dye must be added to the master mix tube before first use.

## Things to do before starting

- Samples may be kept at room temperature during preparation steps and reaction setup, but it is recommended to keep them on ice or at 4°C on a cooling rack.
- The ROX dye is required when using the ABI 7500 Fast Dx.
- **Data must be acquired with the ROX passive dye setting.**
- Before use, let the SARS-CoV-2 UM Prep Buffer, SARS-CoV-2 UM Amp Buffer, SARS-CoV-2 Amp Primers, SARS-CoV-2 IC, Water for NTC, and SARS-CoV-2 Positive Control completely thaw at room temperature (15–25°C). Keep tubes at room temperature and protected from light until use.
- Before use, homogenize the SARS-CoV-2 UM Prep Buffer and the SARS-CoV-2 UM Amp Buffer by inverting them 2-3 times (do not vortex), followed by a quick spin. All the other individual solutions can be homogenized by pulse vortexing for 3-5 s or by inverting 2-3 times, followed by a quick spin.

- The SARS-CoV-2 UM Prep Buffer inhibits RNAses present in the clinical samples for the detection step but is not a virus-inactivating solution. All samples should be treated as potentially hazardous.
- Verify that the cycling conditions of the qPCR platform are as specified in this protocol.
- Reagents may be aliquoted to avoid multiple freeze–thaw cycles.
- Freshly prepare the reaction mix (<2 h to the RT-PCR plate launch).
- To minimize contamination, the sample and the RT-PCR preparations should be done in distinct zones.

## Procedure

1. Sample preparation
  - 1a. Vortex the swab containing sample vigorously.
  - 1b. Aliquot 50-200  $\mu$ l of sample into 1.5mL PCR-free tubes.
  - 1c. Perform a heating step at 70°C for 10 min on a block heater. Cool down samples on ice for at least 5 min, then keep the samples on ice or at 4°C.
2. At the first use, complete the SARS-CoV-2 UM Amp Buffer with the ROX Reference Dye.
  - 2a. Add 32.8  $\mu$ l of the ROX Dye to a tube of SARS-CoV-2 UM Amp Buffer.
  - 2b. Close the lid containing the SARS-CoV-2 UM Amp Buffer and the ROX Dye and invert the tube 3 times.
  - 2c. Spin down the SARS-CoV-2 UM Amp Buffer containing ROX Dye at the bottom of the tube.
3. For a full ABI 7500 Fast Dx plate (96 wells), prepare an aliquot mix of the SARS-CoV-2 Amp Primers with the SARS-CoV-2 Internal Control.
  - 3a. Transfer the required volume of the SARS-CoV-2 Amp Primers and the SARS-CoV-2 Internal Control according to Table 5 into a new 1.5 mL PCR-free tube.
  - 3b. Close the lid and invert the tube 3 times or pulse vortex the tube for 3-5 s.
  - 3c. Spin down the SARS-CoV-2 Amp Primers containing the IC to bring the solution to the bottom of the tube.

**Table 5. SARS-CoV-2 Amp Primers + IC mix setup**

SARS-CoV-2 Amp Primers + IC mix				Number of reactions Volume (µl)	
Reagents	Stock concentration	Final concentration	1 rxn	96 rxns (+ 21% extra volume*)	
SARS-CoV-2 Amp Primers	<b>3.45x</b>	1x	7.25	841	
SARS-CoV-2 Internal Control	166.67 cp/µl	10 cp/µl	1.5	174	
Total SARS-CoV-2 Amp Primers + IC mix			8.75	1015	

\* Note: Adjust the volumes of SARS-CoV-2 UM Amp Primers, of SARS-CoV-2 Internal Control according to the number of samples to be tested. Consider extra volume to compensate for the dead volume.

4. Prepare a reaction mix according to Table 6 and mix thoroughly.

**Table 6. Reaction mix setup**

RT-PCR reaction mix				Number of reactions Volume (µl)	
Reagents	Stock concentration	Final concentration	1 rxn	96 rxns (+20% extra volume*)	
SARS-CoV-2 UM Amp buffer <sup>†</sup>	4x	1x	6.25	720	
SARS-CoV-2 Amp Primers <sup>‡</sup>	<b>2.9x</b>	1x	8.75	1008	
Total reaction volume			15.00	1728	

\* **Note:** Adjust the volume of SARS-CoV-2 UM Amp Buffer and SARS-CoV-2 Amp Primers according to the number of samples to test. Consider extra volume to compensate for the dead volume.

<sup>†</sup> SARS-CoV-2 UM Amp Buffer completed with the ROX Reference Dye

<sup>‡</sup> SARS-CoV-2 Amp Primers completed with the SARS-CoV-2 Internal Control

- Dispense 8 µl of nuclease-free water to the well assigned to the NEC.
- Load 10 µl of nuclease-free water into the well assigned to the NTC.
- Dispense 2 µl of SARS-CoV-2 UM Prep Buffer into each well assigned to the NEC and to the prepared samples.
- Add 8 µl of the prepared sample to a well containing the SARS-CoV-2 UM Prep Buffer. Mix by pipetting up and down 5 times.
- Add 15 µl of the reaction mix prepared in step 4 to the wells dedicated to samples and controls (see example on Figure 3). Mix by pipetting up and down 5 times.
- Load 10 µl of the SARS-CoV-2 Positive Control into the appropriate well. Mix by pipetting up and down 5 times.

11. Seal the PCR plate well to prevent cross-contamination. Make sure to apply pressure uniformly across the entire plate to obtain a tight seal across individual wells.
12. Centrifuge the PCR plate briefly to collect liquid at the bottom of the well.
13. Set the RT-PCR program on the “Standard 7500” Run Mode of the ABI 7500 Fast Dx according to Table 7.
 

**Note:** Data acquisition should be performed during the annealing/extension step.

**Note:** Please refer to the ABI 7500 Fast Dx instruction for use for more details.
14. Place the plate in the real-time cycler (an example of a PCR plate layout is represented in Figure 3) and start the cycling program as described in Table 7.
15. Select the used wells and apply the FAM, VIC, and Cy5 reporters. Data must be acquired with the ROX passive dye **ON**.
16. Verify that the Standard Curve of the ABI 7500 Fast Dx is configured to Absolute Quantitation.
17. Start the run.
18. At the end of the run, analyze the results (see the Results section).

**Table 7. SARS-CoV-2 Prep&Amp UM program**

Steps	Time	Temperature (°C)	Number of cycles	Acquisition
Reverse transcription	10 min	50	1	No
PCR initial heat activation	2 min	95	1	No
2-step cycling				
Denaturation	5 s	95	40	No
Annealing/Extension	30 s	58		Green (FAM), Yellow (VIC), and Red (Cy5)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	PC											
B	NTC											
C	NEC											
D	Sample 1											
E	Sample 2											
F	Sample 3											
G	...											
H												

**Figure 3. Example of plate layout on ABI 7500 Fast Dx**



# Results

On the RGQ MDx 5plex HRM, the data are analyzed with the Rotor-Gene Q software version 2.3.1 (or higher) according to the manufacturer's instructions (Rotor-Gene Q MDx User Manual, version 3, October 2018). The following analysis parameters are needed for consistency between different analyses (Table 8).

**Table 8. Analysis parameters for the RGQ MDx 5plex HRM**

Channels	Green	Red	Yellow
Fluorescence threshold	0.03	0.03	0.03
Slope correction	Yes	Yes	Yes
Dynamic tube	Yes	Yes	Yes
Take-off point	No	10-20	10-20
Outlier Removal: Reaction Efficiency Threshold	Yes Enabled 0%	No	No
Cropped start cycles	5	5	5
Cut-off cycles	Ct >38.00 is considered as 40.00	No	Ct >35.00 is considered as 40.00

In the RGQ software, run results are available in the quantitation results grid opened during the analysis. Data from selected samples are summarized in the table and can be exported as an Excel® file by right-clicking the mouse button in the grid and selecting **Export to Excel**. Make sure that all samples are selected before exporting the results.

On the ABI, the data are analyzed with the 7500 Fast System Software version 1.4.1 (or higher) according to the manufacturer's instructions. The following parameters are needed for consistency between different analyses (Table 9).

**Table 9. Analysis parameters for the ABI 7500 Fast Dx**

<b>Channels</b>	<b>FAM</b>	<b>VIC / HEX</b>	<b>CY5</b>
Passive dye	ROX	ROX	ROX
Fluorescence threshold	0.13	0.05	0.025
Baseline set	Auto	Auto	Auto
Cut-off cycles	Ct >39.00 is considered as 40.00	No	Ct > 35.00 is considered as 40.00

In the ABI SDS software, Ct values of a selected group of wells or the entire plate are available in the **Report** sheet of the **Results** main section. Data can be exported in comma separated value text (.csv) format (recommended): In the SDS Software window, select **File > Export > Results** (menu item **Ct** can also be chosen). Select the format of the exported file as .csv.

# Interpretation of Results

The positive control (PC), the N1, and the N2 genes are detected in the Green fluorescence channel with the RGQ MDx 5plex HRM (or in the fluorescent filter A/1 on the ABI).

The sampling control, composed of the RNase P, is detected in the Yellow fluorescence channel with the RGQ MDx 5plex HRM (or in the fluorescence filter B/2 with the ABI). Every sample should display a sampling control amplification. In the PC, a yellow amplification may be seen despite the absence of human sequences. In this case, a signal in the PC yellow channel may be ignored because the strong fluorescence signal in the green channel may bleed in the yellow channel.

The internal control (IC) is included in the SARS-CoV-2 Amp Primers. It is detected in the no template control (NTC), the no extraction control (NEC), the positive control (PC), and the samples with the Red fluorescence channel with the RGQ MDx 5plex HRM (or in the fluorescence filter C/3 with the ABI).

To validate the RT-PCR runs, the PC, the NTC, and the NEC controls must be amplified and detected as expected.

**Table 10. Run validity criteria and result interpretation for the RGQ MDx 5plex HRM**

Control	Detection in Green channel	Detection in Yellow channel	Detection in Red channel	Interpretation
<b>Positive control (PC)</b>	Ct ≤ 38.00	Indiff.	Indiff.	Run is validated.
	Ct > 38.00 or No Ct	Indiff.	Indiff.	Run is invalidated.
<b>No template control (NTC) or No extraction control (NEC)</b>	Ct > 38.00 or No Ct	Ct > 35.00 or No Ct	Y	Run is validated.
	Any other combinations with amplification in green or yellow		Indiff.	Run is invalidated.

Indiff: Indifferent.; N: No; Y: Yes

**Table 11. Run validity criteria and result interpretation for the ABI 7500 Fast Dx**

Control	Detection in FAM dye	Detection in VIC or HEX dye	Detection in Cy5 or Atto dye	Interpretation
<b>Positive control (PC)</b>	Ct ≤ 39.00	Indiff.	Indiff.	Run is validated.
	Ct > 39.00 or No Ct	Indiff.	Indiff.	Run is invalidated.
<b>No template control (NTC) or No extraction control (NEC)</b>	Ct > 39.00 or No Ct	Ct > 35.00 or No Ct	Y	Run is validated.
	Any other combinations with amplification in green or yellow		Indiff.	Run is invalidated.

Indiff: Indifferent.; N: No; Y: Yes

To validate the tested samples, the samples must be amplified and detected as expected.

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## Limitations

- Strict compliance with the qPCR platform's user manual (Rotor-Gene Q 5-plex HRM MDx or ABI 7500 Fast Dx) is required for optimal PCR results.
- Attention should be paid to expiration dates printed on the box and labels of all components. Do not use expired components.
- For more information, contact Technical Support : **[support.qiagen.com](https://support.qiagen.com)**.

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# References

1. CUI J *et al.* (2019) Origin and evolution of pathogenic coronaviruses. *Nat Rev Microbiol* **17**, 181-192
2. Gagneur *et al.* (2002) Infections nosocomiales à coronavirus humains chez le nouveau-né. *Arch Pédiatr* **9**, 61-69
3. HU *et al.* (2020) Characteristics of SARS-CoV-2 and COVID-19. *Nat Rev Microbiol* **6**:1-14.
4. Mackay IM. (2004) Real-time PCR in the microbiology laboratory. *Clin Microbiol. Infect* **10**(3), 190–212
5. European Commission. (2020) Current performance of COVID-19 test methods and devices and proposed performance criteria. 16 April 2020. <https://ec.europa.eu/docsroom/documents/40805/attachments/1/translations/en/renditions/native>

# Troubleshooting Guide

This troubleshooting guide may help solve any problems that may arise. For more information, see also the Frequently Asked Questions page at our Technical Support Center: [www.qiagen.com/FAQ/FAQList.aspx](http://www.qiagen.com/FAQ/FAQList.aspx).

## Comments and suggestions

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### Weak or No Green signal (FAM) in Positive Control (PC)

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| a) The selected fluorescence channel for RT-PCR data analysis does not comply with the protocol.  | For data analysis, select the fluorescence channel FAM (green) for the analytical SARS-CoV-2 RT-PCR targets, the fluorescence channel HEX/VIC/JOE (yellow) for the sampling control and the Cy5/Atto (red) for the internal control.   |
| b) Incorrect programming of the temperature profile.  | Compare the RT-PCR program with the protocol.  |
| c) Incorrect configuration of the PCR reaction  | Verify your work steps through the pipetting scheme and repeat the PCR, if necessary.  |
| d) The storage conditions for one or more kit components did not comply with the instructions, or the <i>artus</i> SARS-CoV-2 RT-PCR kit has expired. | Follow the storage conditions and verify the reagents' expiration date and use a new kit, if necessary.  |
| e) Incorrect configuration of the qPCR platform during the data configuration.  | Apply the recommended configurations related to your qPCR platform that are described in this manual.  |
| f) The PCR was inhibited.   | Follow the good practices in molecular biology laboratory to avoid the introduction of contaminants.<br>Make sure that workspace and instruments are decontaminated at regular intervals.<br>Follow the protocol mentioned in this manual. Check the expiration date of the reagent and use a new kit, if necessary. Repeat the assay with another sample. |

### Green signal (FAM) in the No Template Control or in the No Extraction Control

Contamination with SARS-CoV-2 sequences occurred during the RT-PCR plate preparation.

Repeat the RT-PCR with new reagents.  
Follow the good practices in molecular biology laboratory to avoid the introduction of contaminants. Follow the protocol mentioned in this handbook.  
Make sure that workspace and instruments are decontaminated at regular intervals.

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## Comments and suggestions

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### Weak or no red signal (Cy5/Atto) from the Internal control

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| a) An interferent has been introduced in the RT-PCR reaction. The PCR is inhibited. | Follow the good practices in molecular biology laboratory to avoid the introduction of contaminants.<br>Make sure that workspace and instruments are decontaminated at regular intervals.<br>Follow the protocol mentioned in this manual.<br>Repeat the experiment with a newly collected sample.   |
| b) The internal control is degraded.  | Follow the good practices in molecular biology laboratory to avoid the introduction of RNAses. Follow the recommendations mentioned in this manual.<br>Make sure that workspace and instruments are decontaminated at regular intervals.<br>Follow the storage conditions and check the reagents' expiration date and use a new kit, if necessary. |
| c) Incorrect configuration of the qPCR platform during the data configuration.      | Apply the recommended configurations related to your qPCR platform that are described in this manual.  |














### Weak or no yellow signal (VIC/HEX) of the sampling control

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| a) The sample is degraded.   | Follow the recommendations provided by the collection device supplier for their storage, handling and transport.<br>Follow the protocol mentioned in this manual, including the sample preparation steps with the SARS-CoV-2 UM Prep Buffer.<br>The Follow the storage conditions and check the reagents' expiration date, such as the SARS-CoV-2 UM Prep Buffer, and use a new kit, if necessary. |
| b) The specimen was not properly collected. Not enough human cells were collected on the swab or transferred in the transport media. | Follow the recommendations provided by the collection device supplier for the specimen collection and the specimen handling.   |
| c) Incorrect configuration of the qPCR platform during the data configuration.   | Apply the configurations related to your qPCR platform that are described in this manual.  |



# Symbols

The following symbols may appear in the instructions for use or on the packaging and labelling:

Symbol	Symbol definition
	Contains reagents sufficient for 768 or 3072 reactions
	Use by
	Catalog number
	Lot number
	Material number (i.e., component labelling)
	Components
	Contains
	Number
	Global Trade Item Number
<b>R<sub>n</sub></b>	R is for revision of the Instructions for Use and n is the revision number
	Temperature limitation
	Consult instructions for use
	Keep away from sunlight
	Warning/caution

# Ordering Information

Product	Contents	Cat. no.
<i>artus</i> SARS-CoV-2 Prep&Amp UM Kit (768)	For 768 reactions: Sample preparation Buffer, ROX dye, Master Mix, Primers and Probes, Internal Control, Water (NTC), and Positive Control	4511400
<i>artus</i> SARS-CoV-2 Prep&Amp UM Kit (3072)	For 3072 reactions: Sample preparation Buffer, ROX dye, Master Mix, Primers and Probes, Internal Control, Water (NTC), and Positive Control	4511409
<b>Instrument and accessories</b>		
PCR tubes, 0.1 ml for Rotor-Gene Q 5-plex HRM MDx	For use with 72-well rotor, Strip tubes, and caps	981103
Rotor-Gene Q software	Rotor-Gene Q software v2.3.1 (or higher)	
Rotor-Gene Q 5-plex HRM MDx	Real-time PCR cycler with 5 channels, high-resolution melt analyzer, software, laptop computer, and accessories; 1-year warranty on parts and labor, installation	9002032
Loading Block	72 x 0.1 ml tubes	9018901

For up-to-date licensing information and product-specific disclaimers, see the respective QIAGEN kit handbook or user manual. QIAGEN kit handbooks and user manuals are available at [www.qiagen.com](http://www.qiagen.com) or can be requested from QIAGEN Technical Services or your local distributor.

# Document Revision History

Revision	Description
R1, April 2021	Initial release.

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