

May 2012

---

# Investigator<sup>®</sup> Triplex AFS QS Handbook

For multiplex amplification of the loci FGA  
(FIBRA) and SE33 (ACTBP2), plus Amelogenin



---

Sample & Assay Technologies

## **QIAGEN Sample and Assay Technologies**

QIAGEN is the leading provider of innovative sample and assay technologies, enabling the isolation and detection of contents of any biological sample. Our advanced, high-quality products and services ensure success from sample to result.

### **QIAGEN sets standards in:**

- Purification of DNA, RNA, and proteins
- Nucleic acid and protein assays
- microRNA research and RNAi
- Automation of sample and assay technologies

Our mission is to enable you to achieve outstanding success and breakthroughs. For more information, visit [www.qiagen.com](http://www.qiagen.com).

# Contents

<b>Kit Contents</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Storage</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Intended Use</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Safety Information</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>Quality Control</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>Introduction</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>Equipment and Reagents to Be Supplied by User</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>Protocols</b>	
■ <b>PCR Amplification</b>	<b>8</b>
■ <b>Electrophoresis Using the ABI PRISM 310 Genetic Analyzer</b>	<b>11</b>
■ <b>Electrophoresis Using the ABI PRISM 3100-<i>Avant</i>/3100 Genetic Analyzer</b>	<b>18</b>
■ <b>Electrophoresis Using the Applied Biosystems 3130/3130<i>xl</i> Genetic Analyzer</b>	<b>26</b>
■ <b>Electrophoresis Using the Applied Biosystems 3500/3500<i>xL</i> Genetic Analyzer</b>	<b>36</b>
■ <b>Analysis</b>	<b>48</b>
<b>Interpretation of Results</b>	<b>53</b>
<b>Troubleshooting Guide</b>	<b>55</b>
<b>References</b>	<b>58</b>
<b>Ordering Information</b>	<b>59</b>

## Kit Contents

<b>Investigator Triplex AFS QS Kit</b>	<b>(100)</b>	<b>(400)</b>
<b>Catalog no.</b>	<b>380315</b>	<b>380317</b>
<b>Number of 25 <math>\mu</math>l reactions</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>400</b>
Reaction Mix A	500 $\mu$ l	2 x 1000 $\mu$ l
Primer Mix Triplex AFS QS	250 $\mu$ l	4 x 250 $\mu$ l
Multi Taq2 DNA Polymerase	100 U	400 U
Control DNA 9948	200 $\mu$ l	200 $\mu$ l
DNA size standard 550 (ROX)	50 $\mu$ l	200 $\mu$ l
Allelic ladder Triplex AFS QS	25 $\mu$ l	4 x 25 $\mu$ l
Nuclease-free water	2 x 1.9 ml	5 x 1.9 ml
Quick-Start Protocol	1	1

## Storage

All components of the Investigator Triplex AFS QS Kit should be stored at  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Avoid repeated thawing and freezing. Primer mix and allelic ladder must be stored protected from the light. DNA samples and post-PCR reagents (allelic ladder and DNA size standard) should be stored separately from the PCR reagents. Under these conditions, the components are stable until the expiration date indicated on the kit.

## Intended Use

The Investigator Triplex AFS QS Kit is intended for molecular biology applications in forensic, human identity, and paternity testing. This product is not intended for the diagnosis, prevention, or treatment of a disease.

All due care and attention should be exercised in the handling of the products. We recommend all users of QIAGEN products to adhere to the NIH guidelines that have been developed for recombinant DNA experiments, or to other applicable guidelines.

## **Safety Information**

When working with chemicals, always wear a suitable lab coat, disposable gloves, and protective goggles. For more information, please consult the appropriate material safety data sheets (MSDSs). These are available online in convenient and compact PDF format at [www.qiagen.com/Support/MSDS.aspx](http://www.qiagen.com/Support/MSDS.aspx) where you can find, view, and print the MSDS for each QIAGEN kit and kit component.

### **24-hour emergency information**

Emergency medical information in English, French, and German can be obtained 24 hours a day from:

Poison Information Center Mainz, Germany

Tel: +49-6131-19240

## **Quality Control**

In accordance with QIAGEN's ISO-certified Quality Management System, each lot of Investigator Triplex AFS QS Kits is tested against predetermined specifications to ensure consistent product quality.

## Introduction

The Investigator Triplex AFS QS Kit enables fast and reliable DNA genotyping of blood, buccal swabs, and forensic stains. The two polymorphic short tandem repeat (STR) loci FGA (FIBRA), SE33 (ACTBP2), and the gender-specific Amelogenin are amplified simultaneously in a single PCR reaction. The primers are fluorescence-labeled with 6-FAM™.

The Investigator Triplex AFS QS Kit is preferentially used for low-copy and degraded DNA samples that do not give distinct results with complex multiplexes. A special feature of the Investigator Triplex AFS QS kit is an internal PCR control (Quality Sensor “QS”) which provides information about the efficiency of the PCR and about the presence of PCR inhibitors.

The optimal amount of DNA under standard conditions is 0.2–0.5 ng. Internal validations demonstrated reliable results with <0.1 ng DNA.

The Investigator Triplex AFS QS Kit was validated using the GeneAmp® PCR System 9700 (in standard mode), ABI PRISM® 310, ABI PRISM 3100, and Applied Biosystems® 3130 Genetic Analyzers.

Table 1 shows the STR loci with their chromosomal mapping, repeat motifs and alleles that are concordant with the International Society for Forensic Genetics (ISFG) guidelines for the use of microsatellite markers (Bär et al. 1997). Allele ranges include all known alleles of the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST as of 12/2008) and of the current literature.

**Table 1. Locus-specific information of the Investigator Triplex AFS QS Kit**

<b>Locus and GenBank® accession number</b>	<b>Chromosomal mapping</b>	<b>Repeat motif of reference allele</b>	<b>Reference allele</b>	<b>Allele range</b>
Amelogenin X (M55418)	Xp22.1-22.3	–	–	–
Amelogenin Y (M55419)	Yp11.2	–	–	–
FGA (FIBRA) (M64982)	4q28.2	[TTTC] <sub>3</sub> TTTTTCT [CTTT] <sub>13</sub> CTCC [TTCC] <sub>2</sub>	21	12.2– 51.2
SE33 (ACTBP2) (NG000840)	6q14.2	[AAAG] <sub>9</sub> AA [AAAG] <sub>16</sub>	25.2	3–50

## Equipment and Reagents to Be Supplied by User

When working with chemicals, always wear a suitable lab coat, disposable gloves, and protective goggles. For more information, consult the appropriate material safety data sheets (MSDSs), available from the product supplier.

- Hi-Di™ Formamide, 25 ml (Applied Biosystems, cat. no. 4311320)
- Matrix Standards DS-30 for single-capillary instruments, e.g., ABI PRISM 310 Genetic Analyzer (Applied Biosystems, cat. no. 401546 and 402996)
- Matrix Standards DS-30 for multi-capillary instruments, e.g., ABI PRISM 3100 and Applied Biosystems 3130 and 3500™ Genetic Analyzers (Applied Biosystems, cat. no. 4345827)
- Pipets and pipet tips
- One of the following DNA analyzers:
  - ABI PRISM 310 Genetic Analyzer
  - ABI PRISM 3100-Avant™/3100 Genetic Analyzer
  - Applied Biosystems 3130/3130xl Genetic Analyzer
  - Applied Biosystems 3500/3500xL Genetic Analyzer
- One of the following PCR thermal cyclers:
  - GeneAmp PCR System 9700
  - Bio-Rad PTC-200
  - Techne TC-512
  - Biometra T1
  - Eppendorf® Mastercycler® ep
- PCR tubes or plates

### Validity analysis software for human identification products

Investigator Human Identification PCR Kits require calibration with an allelic ladder. Therefore, the software used must be compatible with human identification (HID) products for forensic applications. We recommend Investigator IDproof, Investigator IDproof Mixture, GeneMapper® ID, GeneMapper ID-X, or Genotyper® Software. The Investigator Template Files facilitate data analysis and are compatible with the software mentioned above.

## Protocol: PCR Amplification

This protocol is for PCR amplification of STR loci from forensic samples using the Investigator Triplex AFS QS Kit.

### Important points before starting

- Set up all reaction mixtures in an area separate from that used for DNA isolation and PCR product analysis (post-PCR).
- Use disposable tips containing hydrophobic filters to minimize cross-contamination.

### Things to do before starting

- Before opening the tubes with PCR components, vortex, and then centrifuge briefly to collect contents at the bottom of the tubes.

### Procedure

#### 1. Thaw PCR components and template nucleic acid.

Mix thoroughly before use.

#### 2. Prepare a master mix according to Table 2.

The master mix contains all of the components needed for PCR except the template (sample) DNA and nuclease-free water.

Prepare a volume of master mix 10% greater than that required for the total number of PCR assays to be performed. This should include positive and negative control reactions.

#### 3. Mix the master mix thoroughly, and dispense appropriate volumes into PCR tubes or the wells of a PCR plate.

#### 4. Add template DNA and nuclease-free water to the master mix, to give a final sample volume of 25 $\mu$ l.

#### 5. Prepare positive and negative controls.

Positive control: Use 5  $\mu$ l of the Control DNA.

Negative control: Use nuclease-free water instead of template DNA in the reaction.



**Table 2. Reaction setup**

Component	Volume per reaction
Reaction Mix A*	5.0 $\mu$ l
Primer Mix	2.5 $\mu$ l
Multi Taq2 DNA Polymerase	0.4 $\mu$ l
Nuclease-free water (added in step 4)	Variable
Template DNA (added in step 4)	Variable
<b>Total volume</b>	<b>25 <math>\mu</math>l</b>

\* Contains dNTP mix, MgCl<sub>2</sub>, and bovine serum albumin (BSA).

**6. Program the thermal cycler according to the manufacturer's instructions, using the conditions outlined in Table 3.**

For stains containing small amounts of DNA (<100 pg/25  $\mu$ l reaction), we recommend using the cycling conditions outlined in Table 4.

**Note:** If using the GeneAmp PCR System 9700 with an Aluminum block, use "Std Mode", or with a Silver 96-Well Block or Gold-plated Silver 96-Well Block, use "Max Mode". Do not use "9600 Emulation Mode".

**Table 3. Standard cycling protocol, recommended for all DNA samples**

Temperature	Time	Number of cycles
94°C*	4 min	–
94°C	30 s	30 cycles
58°C	120 s	
72°C	75 s	
68°C	60 min	–
10°C	$\infty$	–

\* Hot-start to activate DNA polymerase.

**Table 4. Optional cycling protocol, recommended for stains containing small amounts (<100 pg) of DNA**

<b>Temperature</b>	<b>Time</b>	<b>Number of cycles</b>
94°C*	4 min	–
94°C	30 s	34 cycles
58°C	120 s	
72°C	75 s	
68°C	60 min	–
10°C	∞	–

\* Hot-start to activate DNA polymerase.

## Protocol: Electrophoresis Using the ABI PRISM 310 Genetic Analyzer

For general instructions on instrument setup, matrix generation, and application of the GeneScan® or GeneMapper ID Software, refer to the *ABI PRISM 310 Genetic Analyzer User's Manual*. Electrophoresis using the GeneScan Software is described below.

The virtual filter set D is used for combined application of the 4 fluorescent labels 6-FAM, HEX™, NED™, and ROX™. This matrix standard is known as DS-30. In general, filter sets A and F are also suitable.

The materials required for electrophoresis are given in Table 5.

**Table 5. Materials required for electrophoresis**

Material	Specifications
Capillary	47 cm/50 μm (green)
Polymer	POP-4™ for ABI PRISM 310 Genetic Analyzer
Buffer	10x Genetic Analyzer Buffer with EDTA

### Matrix generation

Before conducting DNA fragment size analysis with the filter set D, a matrix with the 4 fluorescent labels 6-FAM, HEX, NED, and ROX must be generated (Table 6).

**Table 6. The 4 fluorescent labels of DS-30**

Color	Matrix standard
Blue (B)	6-FAM
Green (G)	HEX
Yellow (Y)	NED
Red (R)	ROX

- Four electrophoresis runs should be conducted, one for each fluorescent label, under the same conditions as for the samples and allelic ladders of the Investigator Triplex AFS QS Kit, in order to generate suitable matrix files (Table 7).**

**Table 7. Matrix setup for single capillary instruments (ABI PRISM 310 Genetic Analyzer)**

<b>Matrix sample</b>	<b>Component</b>	<b>Volume</b>
Matrix sample 1	Hi-Di Formamide	12.0 $\mu$ l
	Matrix standard 6-FAM	1.0 $\mu$ l
Matrix sample 2	Hi-Di Formamide	12.0 $\mu$ l
	Matrix standard HEX	1.0 $\mu$ l
Matrix sample 3	Hi-Di Formamide	12.0 $\mu$ l
	Matrix standard NED	1.0 $\mu$ l
Matrix sample 4	Hi-Di Formamide	12.0 $\mu$ l
	Matrix standard ROX	1.0 $\mu$ l

- 2. Denature for 3 min at 95°C.**
- 3. Snap freeze by placing the plate on ice for 3 min.**  
Alternatively, the thermal cycler set to 4°C may be used to cool the plate.
- 4. Load the samples on the tray.**
- 5. Create a Sample Sheet and enter the sample designation. Table 8 shows the injection list for matrix generation.**

**Table 8. Injection list for matrix generation**

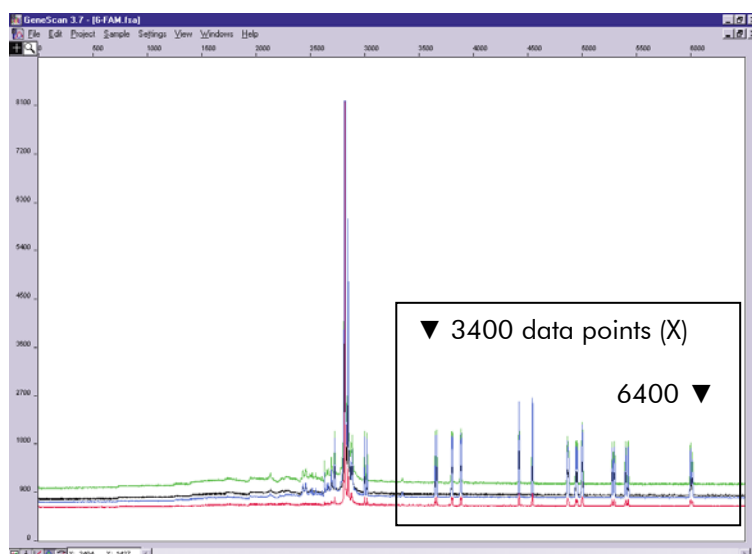
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Settings</b>
Module File	GS STR POP-4 (1 ml) D
Matrix File	None
Size Standard	None*
Injection Time (s)	5
Injection Voltage (kV)	15
Run Voltage (kV)	15
Run Temperature (°C)	60
Run Time (min)	24

\* Always prepare matrix standards without DNA Size Standard (ROX).

## Analysis of the matrix samples

1. Run the GeneScan Software.
2. Select "New" from the File menu, and then select "Project".
3. Open the folder of the current run and select "Add Sample Files".
4. Select a matrix sample in the "Sample File" column.
5. Click "Sample" and then "Raw Data".
6. Check the matrix samples for a flat baseline. As shown in the figure below, there should be at least 4 peaks with peak heights of 1000–4000 RFU for each matrix sample.

**Note:** The optimal range is 2000–4000 RFU.

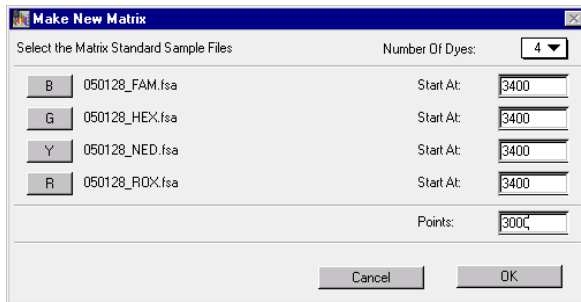


Electropherogram with raw data of the matrix standard 6-FAM.

7. Select an analysis range with a flat baseline and re-inject the matrix sample, if necessary.
8. Record start and end value (data points) of the analysis range; e.g., start value 3400, end value 6400.
9. Calculate the difference between the end and start values; e.g.,  $6400 - 3400 = 3000$  data points.

## Generation of a matrix

1. Select "New" in the File menu, and then select "Matrix".
2. Import the matrix samples for all dyes (B, G, Y, and R).
3. Enter a "Start At" value, e.g., 3400.
4. Under "Points", enter the calculated difference between end and start values, e.g., 3000.
5. Click "OK" to calculate the new matrix.



Matrix sample selection.

6. Select "Save as" in the File menu to save the new matrix in the matrix folder.

	B	G	Y	R
B	1.0000	0.4164	0.0415	0.0012
G	0.8472	1.0000	0.8863	0.0107
Y	0.4509	0.4886	1.0000	0.0456
R	0.1273	0.1792	0.4964	1.0000

New matrix DS-30.

## Checking the matrix

1. To check the new matrix with current samples, select "New" in the File menu, and then select "Project".
2. Open the folder of the respective run and select "Add Sample Files".
3. Select the sample(s) in the Sample File column.
4. Click "Sample" and then "Install New Matrix" to open the matrix folder and select the new matrix.
5. Re-analyze the samples.

**Note:** There should be no pull-up peaks between the dye panels (B, G, Y, R) with the new matrix.

## Sample preparation

1. Set up a mixture of formamide and DNA size standard according to Table 9.

**Table 9. Setup of formamide and DNA size standard mixture**

<b>Component</b>	<b>Volume per sample</b>
Hi-Di Formamide	12.0 $\mu$ l
DNA Size Standard 550 (ROX)	0.5 $\mu$ l

2. Aliquot 12  $\mu$ l of the mixture to a tube for each sample to be analyzed.
3. Add 1  $\mu$ l PCR product or allelic ladder (diluted, if necessary).
4. Denature for 3 min at 95°C.
5. Snap freeze by placing the plate on ice for 3 min.  
Alternatively, the thermal cycler set to 4°C may be used to cool the plate.
6. Load the samples on the tray.

## Setting up the GeneScan Software

Create a Sample Sheet and enter sample designation.

**Table 10. Injection list for the ABI PRISM 310 Genetic Analyzer**

<b>Component</b>	<b>Settings</b>
Module File	GS STR POP-4 (1 ml) D
Matrix File	e.g., Matrix DS-30
Size Standard	e.g., SST-ROX_50-400bp
Injection Time (s)	5*
Injection Voltage (kV)	15
Run Voltage (kV)	15
Run Temperature (°C)	60
Run Time (min)	26†

\* Deviating from standard settings, the injection time may range between 1 and 10 s depending on the type of sample. If samples with very high signal intensities are recorded, a shorter injection time may be selected. For samples with low DNA content, an injection time up to 10 s may be necessary.

† The run time for Investigator Triplex AFS QS was modified in order to be able to analyze fragments with lengths of up to 400 bp.



## Analysis parameters

Table 11 lists the recommended analysis parameters.

**Table 11. Recommended analysis parameters for the ABI PRISM 310 Genetic Analyzer**

Parameter	Settings
Analysis Range	Start: 2000 Stop: 10,000
Data Processing	Baseline: Checked Multi-component: Checked Smooth options: Light
Peak Detection	Peak Amplitude Thresholds B:* Y:* G:* R:* Min. Peak Half Width: 2 pts Polynomial Degree: 3 Peak Window Size: 11 pts <sup>†</sup>
Size Call Range	Min: 50 Max: 550
Size Calling Method	Local Southern Method
Split Peak Correction	None

\* The peak amplitude threshold (cutoff value) corresponds to the minimum peak height that will be detected by the GeneScan or GeneMapper *ID* Software. Thresholds are usually 50–200 RFU and should be determined individually by the laboratory. Recommendation: The minimal peak height should be three-times as high as the background noise of the baseline.

<sup>†</sup> Only the setting for Peak Window Size is different to defaults from Applied Biosystems for HID analysis.

**Note:** For information on the use of the recommended Template Files (as analysis parameters), refer to the appropriate Investigator Template Files User Guide (Genotyper, GeneMapper *ID*, or GeneMapper *ID-X*).

## Protocol: Electrophoresis Using the ABI PRISM 3100-Avant/3100 Genetic Analyzer

For detailed instructions on instrument setup, spectral calibration, application of the ABI PRISM 3100 Data Collection Software version 1.01 or 1.1 and the GeneScan Software, refer to the *ABI PRISM 3100-Avant/3100 Genetic Analyzer User's Manual*.

The system with 4 capillaries is the ABI PRISM 3100-Avant Genetic Analyzer, and the system with 16 capillaries is the ABI PRISM 3100 Genetic Analyzer.

The virtual filter set D is used for combined application of the 4 fluorescent labels 6-FAM, HEX, NED, and ROX. This matrix standard is known as GS-30.

The materials required for electrophoresis are given in Table 12.

**Table 12. Materials required for electrophoresis**

<b>Material</b>	<b>Specifications</b>
Capillary	36 cm Capillary Array for ABI PRISM 3100-Avant/3100 Genetic Analyzer
Polymer	POP-4 Polymer for ABI PRISM 3100-Avant/3100 Genetic Analyzer
Buffer	10x Genetic Analyzer Buffer with EDTA

### Spectral calibration/matrix generation

Proper spectral calibration is critical for evaluation of multicolor systems with the ABI PRISM 3100-Avant/3100 Genetic Analyzer and should be done before conducting fragment length analysis. The calibration procedure creates a matrix which is used to correct the overlapping of fluorescence emission spectra of the dyes.

Spectral calibration comprises the following steps:

- Preparing the spectral calibration standards
- Loading the standards to the 96-well reaction plate (one sample per capillary)
- Entering the plate composition
- Performing a spectral calibration run and checking the matrix

## Preparing the spectral calibration standards

### Example for 4 capillaries (ABI PRISM 3100-Avant Genetic Analyzer)

1. Set up a mixture of formamide and Matrix Standard DS-30 according to Table 13.

**Table 13. Setup of formamide and Matrix Standard DS-30 mixture for 4 capillaries**

Component	Volume
Hi-Di Formamide	47.5 $\mu$ l
Matrix Standard DS-30	2.5 $\mu$ l

2. Load 12  $\mu$ l of the mixture to 96-well plate; e.g., position A1–D1.
3. Denature for 3 min at 95°C.
4. Snap freeze by placing the plate on ice for 3 min.  
Alternatively, the thermal cycler set to 4°C may be used to cool the plate.

### Example for 16 capillaries (ABI PRISM 3100 Genetic Analyzer)

1. Set up a mixture of formamide and Matrix Standard DS-30 according to Table 14.

**Table 14. Setup of formamide and Matrix Standard DS-30 mixture for 16 capillaries**

Component	Volume
Hi-Di Formamide	190 $\mu$ l
Matrix Standard DS-30	10 $\mu$ l

2. Load 12  $\mu$ l of the mixture to 96-well plate; e.g., position A1–H1 and A2–H2.
3. Denature for 3 min at 95°C.
4. Snap freeze by placing the plate on ice for 3 min.  
Alternatively, the thermal cycler set to 4°C may be used to cool the plate.

## Performing a spectral calibration run

The parameter file for DyeSetD must be modified once to achieve successful calibration with the Data Collection Software version 1.0.1 or 1.1.

### Spectral parameter

1. To change settings in the parameter file, go to the following path:  
D:\AppliedBio\Support Files\Data Collection  
SupportFiles\CalibrationData\Spectral Calibration\ParamFiles
2. Select "MtxSTD{Genescan\_SetD} to open the PAR file.
3. Change "Condition Bounds Range" to [1.0, 20.0].
4. If the calibration was unsuccessful, also change Sensitivity to 0.1 and Quality to 0.8.
5. Select "Save As" in the File menu and save the parameter file under a new name; e.g., MtxStd{Genescan\_SetD\_DS-30}.par.

**Note:** Always use this parameter file for spectral calibration runs using Applied Biosystems Matrix Standard DS-30.

### Plate Editor for spectral calibration

1. Place the 96-well plate on the autosampler tray.
2. Run the ABI PRISM 3100 Data Collection Software.
3. In Plate View, click "New" to open the Plate Editor dialog box.
4. Enter a name for the plate.
5. Select a Spectral Calibration.
6. Select "96-Well" as plate type, and click "Finish".

Table 15. Plate Editor for spectral calibration

Parameter	Settings
Sample Name	Enter name for the matrix samples
Dye Set	D
Spectral Run Module	Default (e.g., Spect36_POP4)
Spectral Parameters	MtxStd{GeneScan_SetD_DS-30}.par (parameters created before)

7. Click the column header to select the entire column, and select "Fill Down" from the Edit menu to apply the information to the selected samples. Confirm by clicking "OK".

8. Link the reaction plate on the autosampler tray with the created plate ID and start the run.
9. Upon completion of the run, check in the Spectral Calibration Result dialog box that all capillaries have successfully passed calibration (label A).  
If individual capillaries are labeled X, refer to the *ABI PRISM 3100-Avant/3100 Genetic Analyzer User's Manual*.
10. Click "OK" to confirm completion of the run.

### Checking the matrix

1. Select "Display Spectral Calibration" from the Tools menu, then "Dye Set" and "D" to review the spectral calibration profile for each capillary.
2. The quality value (Q value) must be greater than 0.95 and the condition number (C value) must be between 1 and 20. Both values must be within the pre-determined range.
3. Check for a flat baseline in the matrix samples. There should be five peaks with heights of 1000–5000 RFU in each matrix sample.  
**Note:** The optimal range is 2000–4000 RFU.
4. Check the new matrix with the current samples. There should be no pull-up peaks between the dye panels (B, G, Y, and R) with the new matrix.
5. If the calibration failed, follow instructions in the section "Spectral parameter" on page 20.
6. If all capillaries have passed the calibration, the last calibration file for Dye Set D must be activated manually. Click "Set Active Spectral Calibration" under the Tools menu.
7. Rename the calibration file under Set Matrix Name (e.g., DS-30\_Date of calibration).

### Sample preparation

1. Set up a mixture of formamide and DNA size standard according to Table 16.

**Table 16. Setup of formamide and DNA size standard mixture**

Component	Volume per sample
Hi-Di Formamide	12 $\mu$ l
DNA Size Standard 550 (ROX)	0.5 $\mu$ l

- 2. Aliquot 12  $\mu$ l of the mixture to a tube for each sample to be analyzed.**
- 3. Add 1  $\mu$ l PCR product or allelic ladder (diluted, if necessary).**
- 4. Denature for 3 min at 95°C.**
- 5. Snap freeze by placing the plate on ice for 3 min.**  
Alternatively, the thermal cycler set to 4°C may be used to cool the plate.
- 6. Load the samples on the tray.**

Since injections take place simultaneously on all capillaries, 4 or 16 samples must be pipetted onto the plate of multi-capillary analyzers. If fewer samples are analyzed, the empty positions must be filled with 12  $\mu$ l Hi-Di Formamide.

To ensure a reliable allelic assignment on multi-capillary analyzers, several ladders should be run.

Room temperature may influence the performance of PCR products on multi-capillary instruments, so that shoulder peaks or split peaks occur especially at low temperatures. Ensure ambient conditions are kept as recommended by the instrument manufacturer.

## **Setting up the GeneScan Software**

- 1. Edit the default run module in Dye Set D once for the first run. Select "Module Editor" to open the dialog box.**
- 2. Select the appropriate Run Module as template from the GeneScan table (see Table 17).**
- 3. Modify the Injection Voltage to 3 kV and the Injection Time to 10 s.**
- 4. Click "Save As" and enter the name of the new module (e.g., 3kV\_10s\_400bp). Confirm by clicking "OK".**
- 5. Click "Close" to exit the Run Module Editor.**

**Table 17. Run Module 3kV\_10s\_400bp for the ABI PRISM 3100-Avant/3100 Genetic Analyzer**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Setting</b>
Run Temperature (°C)	Default
Cap Fill Volume	Default
Maximum Current (A)	Default
Current Tolerance (A)	Default
Run Current (A)	Default
Voltage Tolerance (kV)	Default
Pre-Run Voltage (kV)	Default
Pre-Run Time (s)	Default
Injection Voltage (kV)	3.0
Injection Time (s)	10*
Run Voltage (kV)	Default
Number of Steps	Default
Voltage Step Interval	Default
Data Delay Time (s)	Default
Run Time (min)	20 <sup>†</sup>

\* Deviating from the standard settings, the injection time may range between 1 and 20 s depending on the type of sample. If samples with very high signal intensities are recorded, a shorter injection time may be selected. For samples with low DNA content, an injection time of up to 20 s may be necessary.

<sup>†</sup> The run time for Investigator Triplex AFS QS was modified in order to be able to analyze fragments with lengths of up to 400 bp.

### **Starting the run**

- 1. Place the prepared 96-well plate on the autosampler tray.**
- 2. Run the ABI PRISM 3100 Data Collection Software.**
- 3. In Plate View, click "New" to open the Plate Editor dialog box.**
- 4. Enter a name for the plate.**
- 5. Select "GeneScan" as the application type.**
- 6. Select "96-Well" as plate type, and click "Finish".**

**Table 18. Settings in Plate Editor**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Settings</b>
Sample Name	Enter name for the matrix samples
Dyes	O
Color Info	Ladder or sample
Project Name	e.g., 3100_Project1
Dye Set	D
Run Module	3kV_10s_400bp*
Analysis Module 1	DefaultAnalysis.gsp

\* See Table 17, "Run Module 3kV\_10s\_400bp for the ABI PRISM 3100-Avant/3100 Genetic Analyzer".

- 7. Complete the table in the Plate Editor and click "OK".**
- 8. Click the column header to highlight the entire column and select "Fill Down" from the Edit menu to apply the information to the selected samples.**
- 9. Link the reaction plate on the autosampler tray to the created plate ID and start the run.**
- 10. Upon completion of the run, view the data as Color Data in the Array View of the 3100 Data Collection Software or as Analyzed Sample Files under D:/AppliedBio/3100/DataExtractor/ExtractRuns.**



## Analysis parameters

Table 19 lists the recommended analysis parameters.

**Table 19. Recommended analysis parameters for the ABI PRISM 3100-Avant/3100 Genetic Analyzer**

Parameter	Settings
Analysis Range	Start: 2000 Stop: 10,000
Data Processing	Baseline: Checked Multi-component: Checked Smooth options: Light
Peak Detection	Peak Amplitude Thresholds B:* Y:* G:* R:* Min. Peak Half Width: 2 pts Polynomial Degree: 3 Peak Window Size: 11 pts <sup>†</sup>
Size Call Range	Min: 50 Max: 550
Size Calling Method	Local Southern Method
Split Peak Correction	None

\* The peak amplitude threshold (cutoff value) corresponds to the minimum peak height that will be detected by the GeneScan or GeneMapper *ID* Software. Thresholds are usually 50–200 RFU and should be determined individually by the laboratory. Recommendation: The minimal peak height should be three-times higher than the background noise of the baseline.

<sup>†</sup> Only the setting for Peak Window Size is different to defaults from Applied Biosystems for HID analysis.

**Note:** For information on the use of the recommended Template Files (as analysis parameters), refer to the appropriate Investigator Template Files User Guide (Genotyper, GeneMapper *ID*, or GeneMapper *ID-X*).

## Protocol: Electrophoresis Using the Applied Biosystems 3130/3130xl Genetic Analyzer

For detailed instructions on instrument setup, spectral calibration, or application of the ABI PRISM Data Collection Software version 3.0 and the GeneMapper ID Software, refer to the *Applied Biosystems 3130/3130xl Genetic Analyzers Getting Started Guide*.

The system with 4 capillaries is the Applied Biosystems 3130 Genetic Analyzer, and the system with 16 capillaries is the Applied Biosystems 3130xl Genetic Analyzer.

The virtual filter set D is used for combined application of the 4 fluorescent labels 6-FAM, HEX, NED, and ROX. This matrix standard is known as DS-30.

The materials required for electrophoresis are given in Table 20.

**Table 20. Materials needed for electrophoresis**

<b>Material</b>	<b>Specifications</b>
Capillary	36 cm Capillary Array for Applied Biosystems 3130/3130xl Genetic Analyzer
Polymer	POP-4 Polymer for Applied Biosystems 3130/3130xl Genetic Analyzer
Buffer	10x Genetic Analyzer Buffer with EDTA

### Spectral calibration/matrix generation

Before conducting DNA fragment size analysis, it is necessary to perform a spectral calibration with the 4 fluorescent labels 6-FAM, HEX, NED, and ROX for each analyzer. The calibration procedure creates a matrix which is used to correct the overlapping of fluorescence emission spectra of the dyes.

Spectral calibration is comprised of the following steps:

- Preparing the spectral calibration standards
- Loading the standards to the 96-well reaction plate (one sample per capillary)
- Creating the instrument protocol for spectral calibration (Protocol Manager)
- Defining the plate composition in the plate editor (Plate Manager)
- Performing a spectral calibration run and checking the matrix

## Preparing the spectral calibration standards

### Example for 4 capillaries (Applied Biosystems 3130 Genetic Analyzer)

1. Set up a mixture of formamide and Matrix Standard DS-30 according to Table 21.

**Table 21. Setup of formamide and Matrix Standard DS-30 mixture for 4 capillaries**

Component	Volume
Hi-Di Formamide	47.5 $\mu$ l
Matrix Standard DS-30	2.5 $\mu$ l

2. Load 12  $\mu$ l of the mixture to 96-well plate, e.g., positions A1–D1.
3. Denature for 3 min at 95°C.
4. Snap freeze by placing the plate on ice for 3 min.

Alternatively, the thermal cycler set to 4°C may be used to cool the plate.

### Example for 16 capillaries (Applied Biosystems 3130xl Genetic Analyzer)

1. Set up a mixture of formamide and Matrix Standard DS-30 according to Table 23.

**Table 22. Setup of formamide and Matrix Standard DS-30 mixture for 16 capillaries**

Component	Volume
Hi-Di Formamide	190 $\mu$ l
Matrix Standard DS-30	10 $\mu$ l

2. Load 12  $\mu$ l of the mixture to 96-well plate, e.g., position A1–H1 and A2–H2.
3. Denature for 3 min at 95°C.
4. Snap freeze by placing the plate on ice for 3 min.

Alternatively, the thermal cycler set to 4°C may be used to cool the plate.

### Performing spectral calibration run

1. Place the 96-well plate on the autosampler tray.
2. In the Protocol Manager of the Data Collection Software, open the Instrument Protocol window.
3. Click "New" to open the Protocol Editor dialog box.
4. Complete the dialog box with information from Table 23 and click "OK".

**Table 23. Instrument protocol for spectral calibration**

<b>Protocol Editor</b>	<b>Settings</b>
Name	User (e.g., Spectral36_POP4_DS-30)
Type	SPECTRAL
Dye Set	D
Polymer	User (e.g., POP4)*
Array Length	User (e.g., 36cm)*
Chemistry	Matrix Standard
Run Module	Default (e.g., Spect36_POP4_1)*

\* Depends on the type of polymer and length of capillary used.

5. Click "New" in the Plate Manager of the Data Collection Software to open the New Plate Dialog box.
6. Enter information from Table 24 and click "OK". A new table in the Plate Editor opens automatically (Table 25).

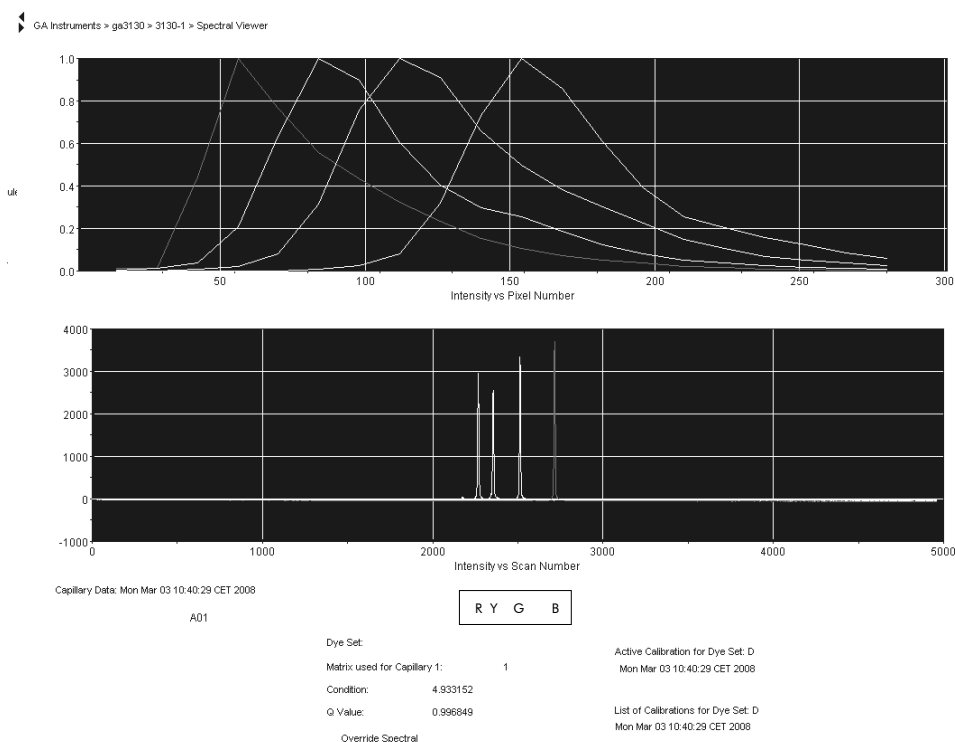
**Table 24. Plate Editor for spectral calibration (I)**

<b>New plate dialog</b>	<b>Settings</b>
Name	e.g., Spectral_DS-30_date
Application	Spectral Calibration
Plate Type	96-well
Owner Name/ Operator Name	...

**Table 25. Plate Editor for spectral calibration (II)**

Parameter	Settings
Sample Name	Enter name for the matrix samples
Priority	e.g., 100
Instrument Protocol 1	Spectral36_POP4_DS-30 (setting described before)

7. Click the column header to select the entire column, and select “Fill Down” from the Edit menu to apply the information to the selected samples. Confirm by clicking “OK”.
8. Link the reaction plate on the autosampler tray with the created plate ID (position A or B) and start the run.



**Electropherogram of spectral calibration with matrix standard DS-30 on an Applied Biosystems 3130 Genetic Analyzer.**

## Checking the matrix

1. The quality value (Q value) of each capillary must be greater than 0.95 and the condition number range (C value) must be between 1 and 20.
2. Check for a flat baseline in the matrix samples. As shown in the figure on the previous page, there should be 4 peaks with peak heights of about 1000–5000 RFU in each matrix sample.  
**Note:** The optimal range is 2000–4000 RFU.
3. Check the new matrix with the current samples. There should be no pull-up peaks between the dye panels (B, G, Y, R) with the new matrix.
4. If calibration failed, use the optimized values of the Matrix Standard DS-30 and repeat the calibration run.
5. If all capillaries have passed the test, the last calibration file for the Dye Set D is activated automatically in the Spectral Viewer. Rename the calibration file (e.g., DS-30\_Date of calibration).

## Sample preparation

1. Set up a mixture of formamide and DNA size standard according to Table 26.

**Table 26. Setup of formamide and DNA size standard mixture**

<b>Component</b>	<b>Volume per sample</b>
Hi-Di Formamide	12.0 $\mu$ l
DNA Size Standard 550 (ROX)	0.5 $\mu$ l

2. Aliquot 12  $\mu$ l of the mixture to a tube for each sample to be analyzed.
3. Add 1  $\mu$ l PCR product or allelic ladder (diluted, if necessary).
4. Denature for 3 min at 95°C.
5. Snap freeze by placing the plate on ice for 3 min.  
Alternatively, the thermal cycler set to 4°C may be used to cool the plate.
6. Load the samples on the tray.

Since injections take place simultaneously on all capillaries, 4 or 16 samples must be pipetted onto the plate of multi-capillary analyzers. If fewer samples are analyzed, the empty positions must be filled with 12  $\mu$ l Hi-Di Formamide.

To ensure a reliable allelic assignment on multi-capillary analyzers, several ladders should be run.

Room temperature may influence the performance of PCR products on multi-capillary instruments, so that shoulder peaks or split peaks occur especially at low temperatures. Ensure ambient conditions are kept, as recommended by the instrument manufacturer.

## Setting up the Data Collection Software

1. **Edit the Run Module once for the first run. In the Module Manager of the Data Collection Software, click "New" to open the Run Module Editor dialog box.**

**Note:** Modify the Run Module Default settings from "HIDFragmentAnalysis36\_POP4\_1" to those shown in Table 27.

2. **Modify the Injection Voltage to 3 kV and the Injection Time to 10 s (Table 27).**
3. **Click "Save As", enter a name for the new Run Module (e.g., 3kV\_10s\_400bp), and confirm by clicking "OK".**
4. **Click "Close" to exit the Run Module Editor.**

**Table 27. Run Module 3kV\_10s\_400bp for the Applied Biosystems 3130/3130xl Genetic Analyzer**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Settings</b>
Oven Temperature (°C)	Default
Poly Fill Volume	Default
Current Stability (μA)	Default
Pre-Run Voltage (kV)	Default
Pre-Run Time (s)	Default
Injection Voltage (kV)	3.0
Injection Time (s)	10*
Voltage Number of Steps	Default
Voltage Step Interval	Default
Data Delay Time (s)	Default
Run Voltage (kV)	Default
Run Time (s)	1200†

\* Deviating from the standard settings, the injection time may range between 1 and 20 s depending on the type of sample. If samples with very high signal intensities are recorded, a shorter injection time may be selected. For samples with low DNA content, an injection time of up to 20 s may be necessary.

† The run time for Investigator Triplex AFS QS was modified in order to be able to analyze fragments with lengths of up to 400 bp.

### **Starting the run**

- 1. Place the prepared 96-well plate on the autosampler tray.**
- 2. Open the Protocol Manager of the Data Collection Software.**
- 3. Click “New” in the Instrument Protocol window to open the Protocol Editor dialog box and enter the information in Table 28.**
- 4. Click “OK” to exit the Protocol Editor.**



**Table 28. Settings in Instrument Protocol**

<b>Protocol Editor</b>	<b>Settings</b>
Name	Run36_POP4_DS-30_20min
Type	REGULAR
Run Module	3kV_10s_400bp*
Dye Set	D

\* See Table 27, "Run Module 3kV\_10s\_400bp for the Applied Biosystems 3130/3130xl Genetic Analyzer".

5. **Before each run, it is necessary to create a plate definition. In the Plate Manager of the Data Collection Software, click "New" to open the New Plate Dialog box.**
6. **Enter the information in Table 29.**

**Table 29. GeneMapper Plate Editor (I)**

<b>Protocol Editor</b>	<b>Settings</b>
Name	e.g., Plate_DS-30_Date
Application	Select GeneMapper Application
Plate type	96-Well
Owner Name/ Operator Name	...

7. **Click "OK" and a new table in the Plate Editor opens automatically (Table 30).**
8. **Click the column header to select the entire column. Select "Fill Down" from the Edit menu to apply the information to all selected samples. Click "OK".**
9. **In the Run Scheduler, click "Find All", and select "Link" to link the reaction plate on the autosampler tray to the newly created plate record (position A or B).**

**Table 30. GeneMapper Plate Editor (II)**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Settings</b>
Sample Name	Enter the name for the samples
Priority	e.g., 100 (Default)
Sample Type	Sample or Allelic Ladder
Size Standard	e.g., SST-ROX_50-400bp
Panel	e.g., Triplex_AFS-QS_Panels
Analysis Method	e.g., Analysis_HID_3130
Snp Set	–
User-defined 1-3	–
Results Group 1	(Select results group)
Instrument Protocol 1	Run36_POP4_DS-30 (setting described before)

**10. Start the run.**

**11. During the run, view Error Status in the Event Log or examine the quality of the raw data for each capillary in the Capillaries Viewer or the Cap/Array Viewer.**

**12. View data as an overview in Run History or Cap/Array Viewer of the Data Collection Software.**

Run data are saved in the Run Folder of the previously chosen Result Group.

## Analysis parameters/analysis method

Table 31 lists the recommended analysis parameters in the worksheet Peak Detector.

**Table 31. Recommended settings for the Applied Biosystems 3130/3130xl Genetic Analyzer**

Parameter	Settings
Peak Detection Algorithm	Advanced
Ranges	Analysis: Partial Range Start Point: 2000; Stop Point: 10,000 Sizing: All Sizes
Smoothing and Baselineing	Smoothing: Light Baseline Window: 51 pts
Size Calling Method	Local Southern Method
Peak Detection	Peak Amplitude Thresholds B:* Y:* G:* R:* Min. Peak Half Width: 2 pts Polynomial Degree: 3 Peak Window Size: 11 pts <sup>†</sup> Slope Thresholds: 0.0

\* The peak amplitude threshold (cutoff value) corresponds to the minimum peak height that will be detected by the GeneMapper *ID* Software. The thresholds are usually 50–200 RFU and should be determined individually by the laboratory. Recommendation: The minimal peak height should be three-times higher than the background noise of the baseline.

<sup>†</sup> Only the setting for Peak Window Size is different to defaults from Applied Biosystems for HID analysis.

**Note:** For information on the use of the recommended Template Files (as analysis parameters), refer to the appropriate Investigator Template Files User Guide (Genotyper, GeneMapper *ID*, or GeneMapper *ID-X*).

## Protocol: Electrophoresis Using the Applied Biosystems 3500/3500xL Genetic Analyzer

For detailed instructions on instrument setup, spectral calibration, or application of the Applied Biosystems 3500 Series Data Collection Software version 1.0 and the GeneMapper *ID-X* Software version 1.2, refer to the *Applied Biosystems 3500/3500xL Genetic Analyzers User Guide*.

The system with 8 capillaries is the Applied Biosystems 3500 Genetic Analyzer and the system with 24 capillaries is the Applied Biosystems 3500xL Genetic Analyzer.

The virtual filter set AnyDye is used for combined application of the 4 fluorescent labels 6-FAM, HEX, NED, and ROX. It allows the spectral calibration run with matrix standard DS-30.

The materials required for electrophoresis are given in Table 32.

**Table 32. Materials required for electrophoresis**

Material	Specifications
Capillary	36 cm Array for Applied Biosystems 3500/3500xL Genetic Analyzer
Polymer	POP-4 for Applied Biosystems 3500/3500xL Genetic Analyzer
Buffer	Anode Buffer Container (ABC) 3500 Series Cathode Buffer Container (CBC) 3500 Series

### Spectral calibration/matrix generation

Before conducting DNA fragment size analysis, it is necessary to perform a spectral calibration with the 4 fluorescent labels 6-FAM, HEX, NED, and ROX for each analyzer. All 4 labels are combined in the Matrix Standard DS-30 (Table 33). The Matrix Standard DS-30 is available from Applied Biosystems. The calibration procedure creates a matrix which is used to correct the overlapping of fluorescence emission spectra of the dyes.

**IMPORTANT:** Spectral calibration must be performed for each new capillary array.

Spectral calibration is comprised of the following steps:

- Preparation of the instrument
- Preparation of dye set DS-30
- Preparation of the standard calibration plate
- Plate assembly and loading the plate in the instrument

- Performing a spectral calibration run
- Checking the matrix

## Preparation of the instrument

**Before the spectral calibration process, ensure that the spatial calibration has been performed. This process is described in detail in the *Applied Biosystems 3500/3500xL Genetic Analyzers User Guide*.**

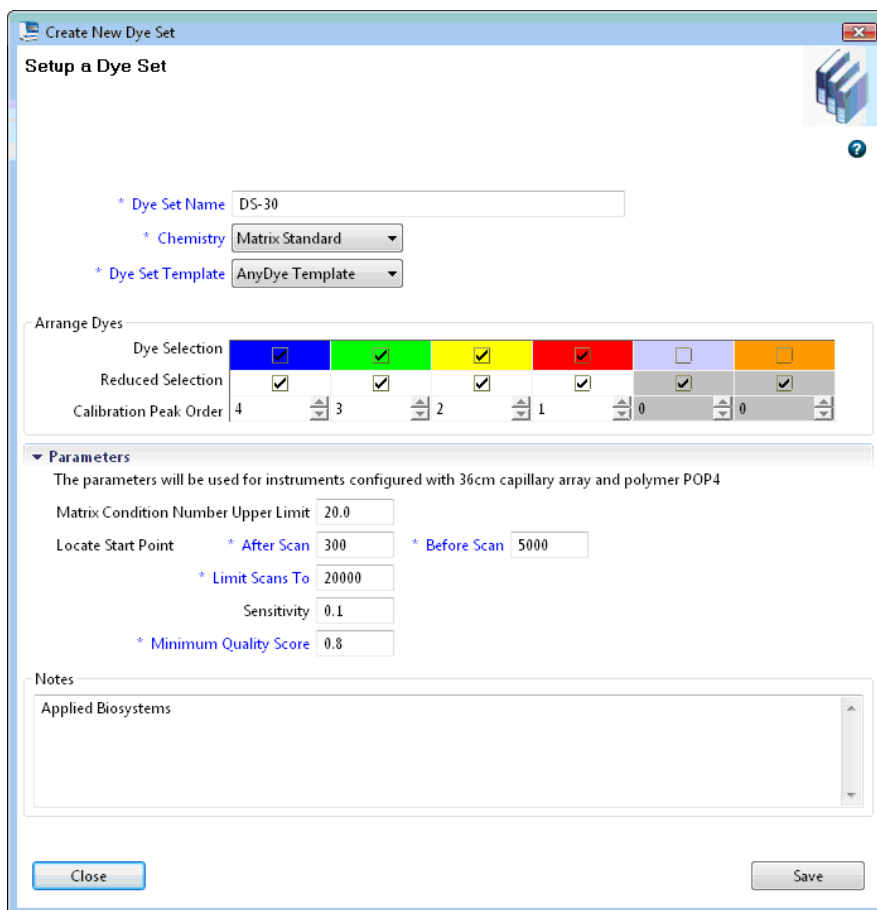
## Preparation of Dye Set DS-30

**Table 33. The 4 fluorescent labels of DS-30**

<b>Color</b>	<b>Matrix standard</b>
Blue (B)	6-FAM
Green (G)	HEX
Yellow (Y)	NED
Red (R)	ROX

Prior to the spectral calibration, a dye set for the Matrix Standard DS-30 must be set up.

1. **To create a new dye set, go to "Library" and select "Analyze", followed by "Dye Sets" and click "Create".**
2. **Enter a "Dye Set Name", e.g., DS-30.**
3. **Select "Matrix Standard" as a chemistry and "AnyDye Template" as a dye set template.**
4. **Disable "Purple" and "Orange" in the field "Arrange Dyes". Ensure that all other colors are enabled.**
5. **Under "Calibration Peak Order" the colors need to be arranged as follows: 4 – blue, 3 – green, 2 – yellow, and 1 – red.**
6. **Do not alter the "Parameter" settings.**
7. **Click "Save" to confirm the changes.**



Setup of dye set DS-30.

## Preparation of the standard calibration plate

### Example for 8 capillaries (Applied Biosystems 3500 Genetic Analyzer)

1. Set up a mixture of formamide and Matrix Standard DS-30 according to Table 34.

**Table 34. Setup of formamide and Matrix Standard DS-30 mixture for 8 capillaries**

Component	Volume
Hi-Di Formamide	90 $\mu$ l
Matrix Standard DS-30	5 $\mu$ l

2. Load 10  $\mu\text{l}$  of the mixture to a 96-well plate, e.g., positions A1–H1.
3. Denature for 3 min at 95°C.
4. Snap freeze by placing the plate on ice for 3 min.  
Alternatively, the thermal cycler set to 4°C may be used to cool the plate.

**Example for 24 capillaries (Applied Biosystems 3500xL Genetic Analyzer)**

1. Set up a mixture of formamide and Matrix Standard DS-30 according to Table 35.

**Table 35. Setup of formamide and Matrix Standard DS-30 mixture for 24 capillaries**

Component	Volume
Hi-Di Formamide	225 $\mu\text{l}$
Matrix Standard DS-30	12.5 $\mu\text{l}$

2. Load 10  $\mu\text{l}$  of the mixture to a 96-well plate, e.g., positions A1–H1, A2–H2, and A3–H3.
3. Denature for 3 min at 95°C.
4. Snap freeze by placing the plate on ice for 3 min.  
Alternatively, the thermal cycler set to 4°C may be used to cool the plate.

**Plate assembly and loading the plate in the instrument**

The necessary steps are described in detail in the *Applied Biosystems 3500/3500xL Genetic Analyzers User Guide*.

**Performing a spectral calibration run**

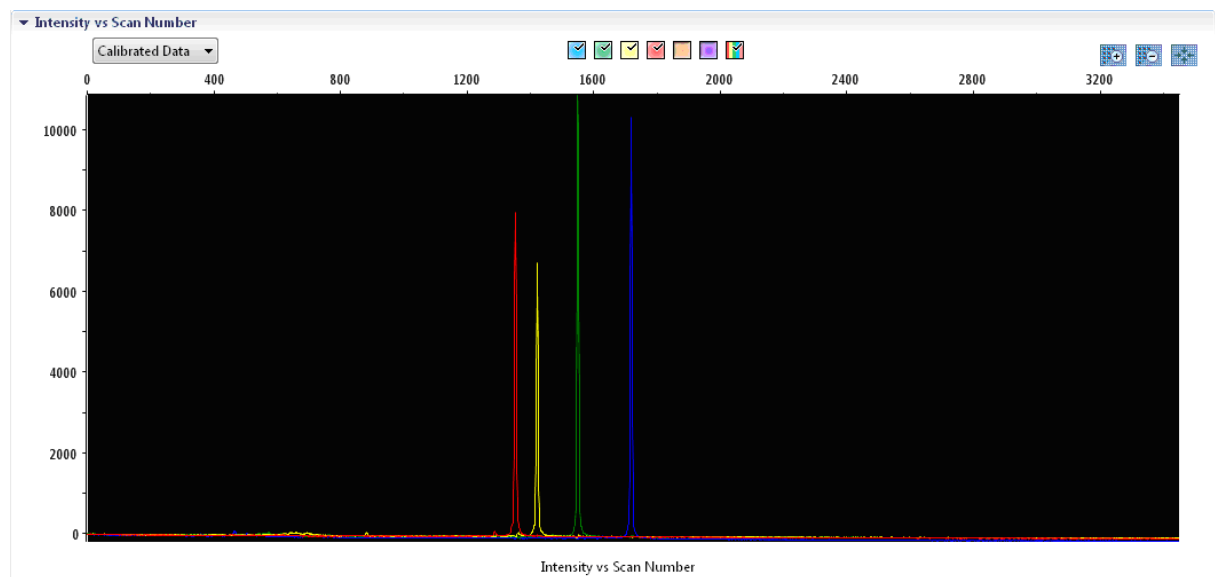
Once the multiwell plates containing the spectral calibration mixture are placed in the autosampler tray, the spectral calibration process can be started.

1. To access the Spectral Calibration screen, select “Maintenance” on the Dashboard of the 3500 Series Data Collection software.
2. The number of wells in the spectral calibration plate and their location in the instrument must be specified.
3. Select “Matrix Standard” as a chemistry standard and “DS-30” for dye set.
4. (Optional) Enable “Allow Borrowing”.
5. Click “Start Run”.

## Checking the matrix

Click a capillary in the table in order to display the results for each capillary (spectral data, Quality value, and Condition Number) below the run results table.

- The quality value (Q value) of each capillary must be greater than 0.8 and the number range (C value) must be between 1 and 20.
- Check the matrix samples for a flat baseline. As shown in the figure, there should be 4 peaks with peak heights of about 1000–5000 RFU for each matrix sample (**Note:** The optimal range is 2000–4000 RFU).



### Electropherogram of spectral calibration of the matrix standard DS-30 on an Applied Biosystems 3500 Genetic Analyzer.

When a spectral calibration is successfully completed, the “Overall” row displays green results. If the “Overall” row displays red results, refer to the “spectral calibration troubleshooting” section of the *Applied Biosystems 3500/3500xL Genetic Analyzers User Guide*.

▼ Capillary Run Data

Capillary	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Run 1	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed
Run 2	Not Calibrated	Not Calibrated	Not Calibrated	Not Calibrated	Not Calibrated	Not Calibrated	Not Calibrated	Not Calibrated
Run 3	Not Calibrated	Not Calibrated	Not Calibrated	Not Calibrated	Not Calibrated	Not Calibrated	Not Calibrated	Not Calibrated
Overall	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed

■ Passed   
 ■ Failed   
 ■ Borrowed   
  Not Calibrated

### Example of successful spectral calibration of the matrix standard DS-30 for all capillaries with an Applied Biosystems 3500 Genetic Analyzer.



For each capillary, select and display the spectral and raw data. Check that the data meet the following criteria:

- The order of the peaks in the spectral profile from left to right read red-yellow-green-blue
- No extraneous peaks appear in the raw data profile
- Peak morphology in the spectral profile shows no gross overlaps, dips, or other irregularities. Separate and distinct peaks should be visible

If the data for all capillaries meet the criteria above, click "Accept Results". If any capillary data does not meet the criteria above, click "Reject Results", and refer to the "spectral calibration troubleshooting" section of the *Applied Biosystems 3500/3500xL Genetic Analyzers User Guide*.

### Sample preparation

1. **Set up a mixture of formamide and DNA size standard according to Table 36.**

**Table 36. Setup of formamide and DNA size standard mixture**

Component	Volume per sample
Hi-Di Formamide	12.0 $\mu$ l
DNA Size Standard 550 (ROX)	0.5 $\mu$ l

2. **Aliquot 12  $\mu$ l of the mixture to a tube for each sample to be analyzed.**
3. **Add 1  $\mu$ l PCR product or allelic ladder (diluted, if necessary).**
4. **Denature for 3 min at 95°C.**
5. **Snap freeze by placing the plate on ice for 3 min.**  
Alternatively, the thermal cycler set to 4°C may be used to cool the plate.
6. **Load the samples on the tray.**

Since injections take place simultaneously on all capillaries, 8 or 24 samples must be pipetted onto the plate of multi-capillary analyzers. If fewer samples are analyzed, the empty positions must be filled with 12  $\mu$ l Hi-Di Formamide.

To ensure a reliable allelic assignment on multi-capillary analyzers, inject one allelic ladder for each set of 24 samples:

- 8-capillary instruments: One allelic ladder per 3 injections
- 24-capillary instruments: One allelic ladder per 1 injection

Room temperature may influence the performance of PCR products on multi-capillary instruments, so that shoulder peaks or split peaks occur, especially at low temperatures. Ensure ambient conditions are kept, as recommended by the instrument manufacturer.

### Setting up a run

If you are using the Investigator Triplex AFS QS Kit for the first time on an Applied Biosystems 3500 Genetic Analyzer, you will first need to setup a number of protocols:

- Instrument Protocol
- Size Standard
- QC Protocol
- Assay

All protocols can be set up via the Dashboard of the 3500 Series Data Collection software.

- 1. To set up the Instrument Protocol, go to “Library” and select “Analyze”, followed by “Instrument Protocols” and click “Create”.**

**Note:** Modify the Run Module Default settings from “HID36\_POP4” as shown in Table 37.

- 2. The parameters in Table 37 must be entered or selected.**

**Table 37. Instrument Protocol parameters for the Applied Biosystems 3500 Genetic Analyzer**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Setting</b>
Application Type	HID
Capillary Length	36 cm
Polymer	POP4
Dye Set	e.g., DS-30
Run Module	HID36_POP4
Protocol Name	e.g., Investigator Triplex AFS QS
Oven Temperature (°C)	Default
Run Voltage (kV)	Default
PreRun Voltage (kV)	Default
Injection Voltage (kV)	3.0
Run Time (s)	1300
PreRun Time (s)	Default
Injection Time (s)	8.0*
Data Delay (s)	Default
Advanced Options	Default

\* Deviating from the standard settings, the injection time may range between 1 and 20 s depending on the type of sample. If samples with very high signal intensities are recorded, a shorter injection time may be selected. For samples with low DNA content, an injection time of up to 20 s may be necessary.

- 3. Click "Save" to confirm the changes.**
- 4. To set up the Size Standard, go to "Library", select "Analyze", followed by "Size Standards", and click "Create".**
- 5. The parameters in Table 38 must be entered or selected.**  
 The DNA Size Standard 550 (ROX) should be used with the following lengths of fragments: 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 120, 140, 160, 180, 190, 200, 220, 240, 260, 280, 300, 320, 340, 360, 380, 400, 425, 450, 475, 500, 525, and 550 bp.

**Table 38. Size standard parameters**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Setting</b>
Size Standard	e.g., SST-ROX_50-500bp
Dye Color	Red

6. Click **“Save”** to confirm the changes.
7. To set up the QC Protocol, go to **“Library”** and select **“Analyze”**, followed by **“QC Protocols”**, and click **“Create”**.
8. The parameters in Table 39 must be entered or selected.

**Table 39. QC Protocol parameters**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Setting</b>
Protocol Name	e.g., ROX_550
Size Standard	SST-ROX_50-500bp (from step 4)
Sizecaller	SizeCaller v1.1.0

9. Go to **“Analysis Settings”**, followed by **“Peak Amplitude Threshold”** and disable **“Purple”** and **“Orange”**. Ensure that all other colors are enabled.

Check the recommended analysis settings in Table 42. All other settings should remain as **“Default”**.

10. Click **“Save”** to confirm the changes.
11. To set up an Assay, go to **“Library”** and select **“Manage”**, followed by **“Assays”**, and click **“Create”**.
12. To analyze Investigator Triplex AFS QS fragments, the parameters in Table 40 must be selected.

**Table 40. Assay parameters**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Setting</b>
Assay Name	e.g., Investigator Triplex AFS QS
Color	Default
Application Type	HID
Instrument Protocol	e.g., Investigator Triplex AFS QS (from step 1)
QC Protocols	e.g., ROX_550 (from step 4)

**13. Click “Save” to confirm the changes.**

### **Starting the run**

- 1. In the Dashboard, click “Create New Plate”.**
- 2. Go to “Define Plate Properties” and select “Plate Details”. Select or enter the parameters in Table 41.**

**Table 41. Plate properties**

<b>Property</b>	<b>Setting</b>
Name	e.g., Investigator Triplex AFS QS
Number of Wells	96
Plate Type	HID
Capillary Length	36 cm
Polymer	POP4

- 3. Click “Assign Plate Contents” to confirm the changes.**
- 4. Enter the designated sample name in each well containing a sample or allelic ladder. This will identify the well positions of each sample for the data collection and processing.**
- 5. Choose the correct Assay for the analysis. If you followed the steps under “Setting up the Run”, this would be Investigator Triplex AFS QS from step 11. All named wells on the plate must have an assigned assay.**

- 6. Select the wells for which to specify an assay. Check the box next to the assay name to assign it to the selected wells.**
- 7. (Optional) Repeat for file name conventions and results group.**
- 8. If not already done, load the assembled plate to the instrument and close the instrument door to re-initialize the instrument. Then, click "Link Plate for Run". In the next screen, enter the desired Run Name and click "Start Run".**

## Analysis parameters/analysis method

Table 42 lists the recommended analysis parameters in the worksheet Peak Detector.

**Table 42. Recommended settings for the Applied Biosystems 3500/3500xL**

Parameter	Settings
Peak Detection Algorithm	Advanced
Ranges	Analysis: Partial Range Start Point: 1000; Stop Point: 20,000 Sizing: All Sizes
Smoothing and Baseline	Smoothing: Light Baseline Window: 51 pts
Size Calling Method	Local Southern Method
Peak Detection	Peak Amplitude Thresholds B:* Y:* G:* R:* O:* Min. Peak Half Width: 2 pts Polynomial Degree: 3 Peak Window Size: 11 pts <sup>†</sup> Slope Thresholds: 0.0

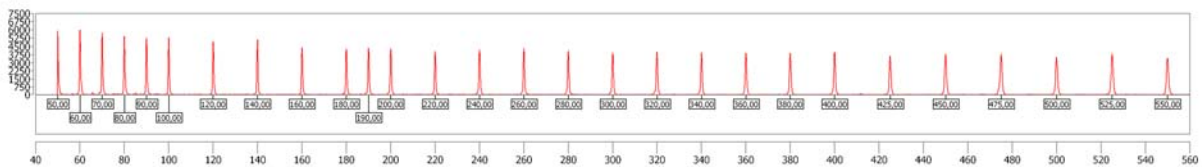
\* The peak amplitude threshold (cutoff value) corresponds to the minimum peak height that will be detected by the GeneMapper *ID-X* Software version 1.2. The thresholds are usually 50–200 RFU and should be determined individually by the laboratory. Recommendation: The minimal peak height should be three-times higher than the background noise of the baseline.

<sup>†</sup> Only the setting for Peak Window Size is different to defaults from Applied Biosystems for HID analysis.

## Protocol: Analysis

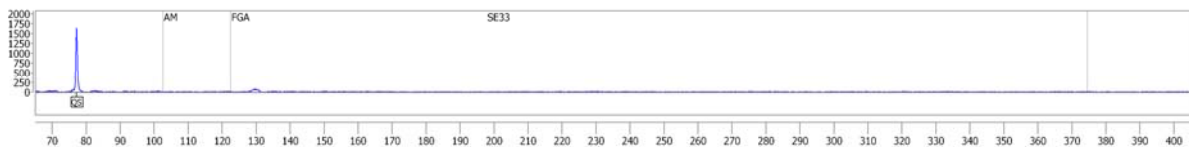
For general instructions on automatic sample analysis, refer to the appropriate User and/or Workflow Guides for Investigator IDproof Software, Investigator IDproof Mixture Software, GeneScan, GeneMapper *ID*, or GeneMapper *ID-X* Software.

Finding the exact lengths of the amplified products depends on the device type, the conditions of electrophoresis, as well as the DNA size standard used. Due to the complexity of some loci, determining the size should be based on evenly distributed references. The DNA Size Standard 550 (ROX) should be used with the following lengths of fragments: 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 120, 140, 160, 180, 190, 200, 220, 240, 260, 280, 300, 320, 340, 360, 380, 400, 425, 450, 475, 500, 525, and 550 bp (Figure 1).



**Figure 1. Electropherogram of the DNA Size Standard 550 (ROX), fragments with lengths in bp.**

As previously mentioned, the Investigator Argus Triplex AFS QS Kit contains an internal PCR control (Quality Sensor “QS”), which provides information about the efficiency of the PCR and the presence of PCR inhibitors. A 6-FAM–labeled 77 bp fragment is amplified independently of the DNA. The PCR control assay without DNA shows only the QS fragment (Figure 2) and indicates successful PCR.



**Figure 2. Electropherogram of the 6-FAM–labeled PCR control (QS) fragment. The Quality Sensor is shown at 77 bp.**



## Analysis software

Allele allocation should be carried out with suitable analysis software, e.g., QIAGEN Investigator IDproof or IDproof Mixture Software, or Genotyper, GeneMapper *ID*, or GeneMapper *ID-X* Software in combination with the Investigator Template Files available as a download from [www.qiagen.com](http://www.qiagen.com) or on a CD-ROM (cat. no. 389900), see Table 43 and Table 44.

The recommended Investigator Template File for Genotyper Software is the Triplex AFS QS.

**Table 43. Recommended Investigator Template Files for GeneMapper *ID***

File type	File name
Panels	Triplex_AFS-QS_Panels
BinSets	Triplex_AFS-QS_Bins
Size standard	SST-ROX_50–500bp
Analysis Method	Analysis_HID_310 Analysis_HID_3130 Analysis_HID_310_50rfu Analysis_HID_3130_50rfu
Plot Settings	Plots_4dyes
Table Settings	Table for 2 alleles Table for 10 alleles

Panels and BinSets must always be used; other template files are optional.

**Table 44. Recommended Investigator Template Files for GeneMapper ID-X**

<b>File type</b>	<b>File name</b>
Panels	Triplex_AFS-QS_Panels_x
BinSets	Triplex_AFS-QS_Bins_x
Stutter	Triplex_AFS-QS_Stutter_x
Size standard	SST-ROX_50–500bp
Analysis Method	Analysis_HID_310 Analysis_HID_3130 Analysis_HID_310_50rfu Analysis_HID_3130_50rfu Analysis_HID_3500
Plot Settings	Plots_4dyes
Table Settings	310 Data Analysis/31xx Data Analysis

Panels and BinSets must always be used; other template files are optional.

## Controls

The alleles listed in Table 45 represent the Control DNA 9948 (included in the Investigator Triplex AFS QS Kit) and DNA from other commercially available standard cell lines.

**Table 45. Allele assignment of the Investigator Triplex AFS QS Kit**

<b>Locus</b>	<b>CCR 9948</b>	<b>CCR 9947A</b>	<b>CCR 3657</b>	<b>ATCC K-562</b>
Amelogenin	X/Y	X/X	X/Y	X/X
FGA	24/26	23/24	18/23	21/24
SE33	23.2/26.2	19/29.2	22.2/27.2	26.2/28.2

For further confirmation, the table above displays the alleles of the reference DNA purchased from Coriell Cell Repositories (CCR), as well as 3 reference DNAs purchased from CCR and ATCC up to the standard of Szibor et al. (2003).

## Alleles

Table 46 shows the alleles of the allelic ladder. All analyses have been performed using POP-4 polymer (Figure 3 and Figure 4, page 52). Different analysis instruments, DNA size standards, or polymers may result in different fragment lengths. In addition, a visual alignment with the allelic ladder is recommended.

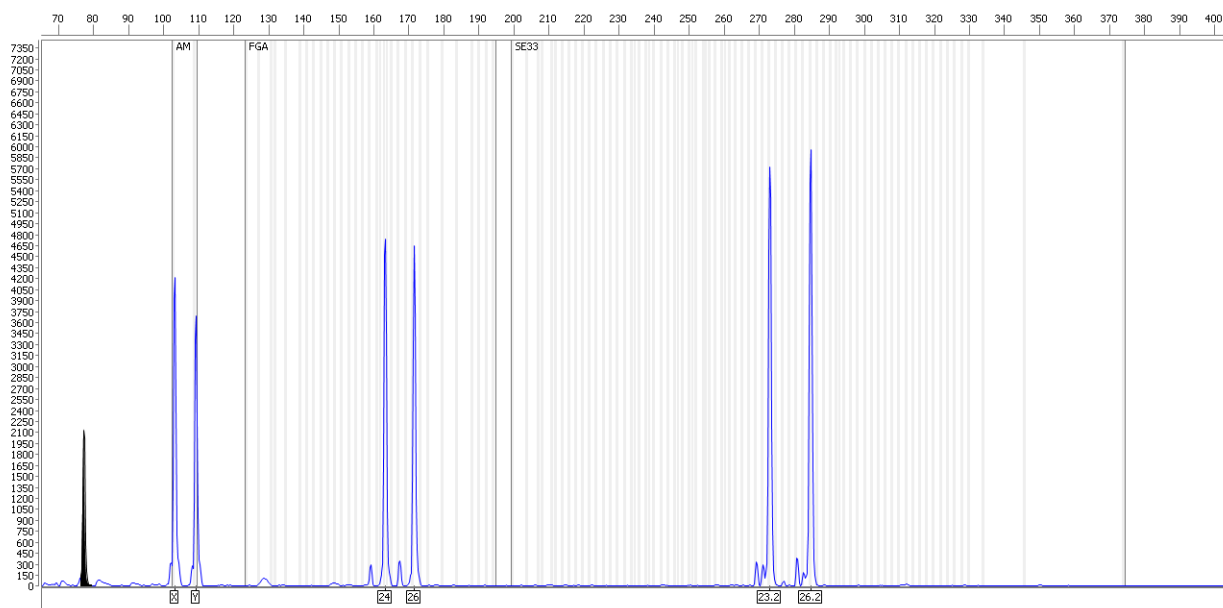
## Scaling

- Horizontal: 95–405 bp (with QS 65–405 bp)
- Vertical: Depending on signal intensity

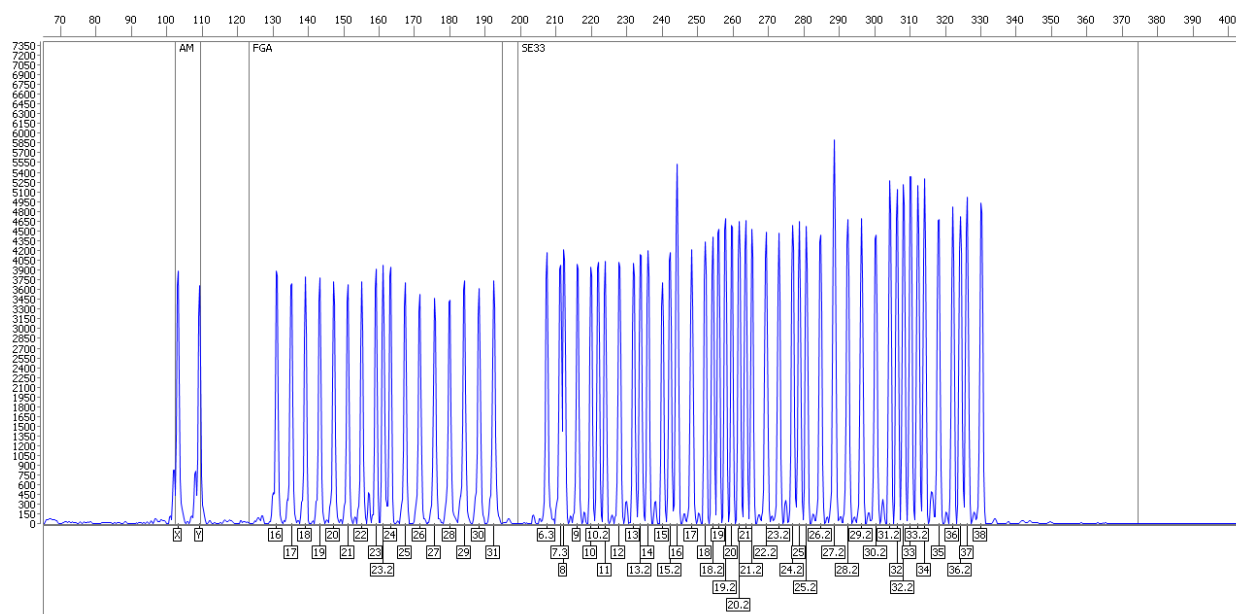
**Table 46. Allelic ladder fragments included in the Investigator Triplex AFS QS Kit**

Locus	Dye label	Repeat numbers of allelic ladder
PCR Control	6-FAM	QS
Amelogenin	6-FAM	X, Y
FGA	6-FAM	16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 23.2, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31
SE33	6-FAM	6.3, 7.3, 8, 9, 10, 10.2, 11, 12, 13, 13.2, 14, 15, 15.2, 16*, 17, 18, 18.2, 19, 19.2, 20, 20.2, 21, 21.2, 22.2, 23.2, 24.2, 25, 25.2, 26.2, 27.2*, 28.2, 29.2, 30.2, 31.2, 32, 32.2, 33, 33.2, 34, 35, 36, 36.2, 37, 38

\* For better orientation, these alleles are heightened within the allelic ladder.



**Figure 3. Electropherogram of the Investigator Triplex AFS QS Kit using 500 pg Control DNA 9948.** The Quality Sensor is shown at 77 bp. Analysis was performed on an Applied Biosystems 3500 Genetic Analyzer. Allele assignment was performed using Investigator IDproof Software.



**Figure 4. Electropherogram of the allelic ladder Triplex AFS QS analyzed on an Applied Biosystems 3500 Genetic Analyzer.** Allele assignment was performed using Investigator IDproof Software.

## Interpretation of Results

Post-PCR analysis and automatic allele assignment with suitable analysis software ensure a precise and reliable discrimination of alleles.

### General procedure for the analysis

1. Check the DNA size standard.
2. Check the allelic ladder.
3. Check the positive control.
4. Check the negative control.
5. Analyze and interpret the sample data.

### Pull-up peaks

Pull-up peaks may occur if peak heights are outside the linear detection range (see "Troubleshooting Guide", page 55), or if an incorrect matrix was applied. They appear at positions of specific peaks in other color channels, typically with lower signal intensities. Peak heights should not exceed 3000 RFU in order to prevent pull-up peaks.

### Stutter peaks

The occurrence of stutter peaks depends on the sequence of the repeat structure and the number of alleles.  $n - 4$  peaks are caused by a loss of a repeat unit during amplification of tetranucleotide STR motifs, caused by slippage effects of the *Taq* DNA Polymerase. These peaks should be interpreted using the Investigator Template Files for Genotyper, GeneMapper *ID*, and GeneMapper *ID-X* Software.

### Template-independent addition of nucleotides

Because of its terminal transferase activity, the *Taq* DNA Polymerase may cause incomplete adenylation at the 3'-end of the amplified DNA fragments. The artifact peak is one base shorter than expected ( $-1$  peaks). All primers included in the Investigator Triplex AFS QS Kit are designed to minimize these artifacts. Artifact formation is further reduced by the final extension step of the PCR protocol at 68°C for 60 minutes. Peak height of the artifact correlates with the amount of DNA. Laboratories should define their own limits for analysis of the peaks.

## **Quality Sensor to check PCR results**

The Investigator Triplex AFS QS Kit contains an internal PCR check (QS), which provides information about PCR efficiency and presence of PCR inhibitors (Figure 2, page 48). Complete QS failure indicates total inhibition of the PCR or errors in the assay. If the sensor signal is amplified in presence of DNA either in the negative control or in the positive control, the PCR is not inhibited. Samples that contain sufficient DNA and no inhibiting substances result in a DNA profile, according to the kit and the sensor fragment. Reduced sensor peak heights in forensic samples indicate partial PCR inhibition. If only the QS is amplified, the sample contains very little, only female, or degraded DNA.

## **Artifacts**

Room temperature may influence the performance of PCR products on multi-capillary instruments, so that shoulder peaks or split peaks occur. If shoulder or split peaks appear, we recommend injecting the sample again.

## Troubleshooting Guide

This troubleshooting guide may be helpful in solving any problems that may arise. For more information, see also the Frequently Asked Questions page at our Technical Support Center: [www.qiagen.com/FAQ/FAQList.aspx](http://www.qiagen.com/FAQ/FAQList.aspx). The scientists in QIAGEN Technical Services are always happy to answer any questions you may have about either the information and protocols in this handbook or sample and assay technologies (for contact information, see back cover or visit [www.qiagen.com](http://www.qiagen.com)).

### Comments and suggestions

---

#### Sample preparation

Sample signal intensity needs to be increased	Reduce the volume of the DNA Size Standard 550 (ROX) to peak heights of about 1000 RFU.  Purify the PCR products before starting the analysis. We recommend the MinElute <sup>®</sup> PCR Purification Kit for rapid and effective purification (see Ordering Information).
---	---

#### Matrix/spectral calibration is not appropriate

There are pull-up peaks between the dye panels (B, G, Y, R) with the current matrix/spectral calibration	This matrix cannot be used for the analysis. Repeat the matrix generation/spectral calibration. Be sure to carefully follow the correct protocol for the specific analysis instrument.
--	--

#### Many peaks are labeled as off-ladder (OL) alleles in the samples

a) DNA Size Standard 550 (ROX) was not defined or identified correctly	Click the orange "Size Match Editor" icon in the upper toolbar or the GeneMapper <i>ID</i> or GeneMapper <i>ID-X</i> Software. Mark the red fragments of all samples.  Always use the DNA Size Standard 550 included in Investigator Human Identification PCR Kits.
--	---

## Comments and suggestions

---

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| b) Signal intensities are too high. If the peak heights of the samples are outside the linear detection range (>4000 RFU/>5000 RFU*), stutters, split peaks, and artifacts may be increased | Reduce the injection time in increments to a minimum of 1 s, reduce the amount of the PCR amplification product for analysis, or reduce the quantity of DNA for PCR.  |
| c) Bubbles in the capillary lead to pull-up peaks in all color panels ("spikes") that result in allele misnomer   | Repeat electrophoresis to confirm results.  |
| d) Differences in the run performance among the capillaries of a multi-capillary analyzer may result in allelic assignment shift  | For reliable allelic assignment on multi-capillary analyzers, a number of allelic ladders should be run.  |
| e) Use of 32-cycle PCR program for small amounts of DNA   | Too small amounts of DNA may result in allelic dropouts and imbalances of the peaks. Furthermore, unspecific amplification products may appear. By increasing the number of cycles, there is a risk of cross-contamination due to impurities. |

### **Injection/file of the allelic ladder is not appropriate**

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| a) An additional signal can be identified as peak of the allelic ladder because of dysfunctions during the electrophoresis. If peaks of the allelic ladder are miscalled, the ladder cannot be used for the analysis | Use a different injection/file of the allelic ladder and check the data of the analyzed sizes from the Size Standard (in bp) of the allelic ladder.<br><br>Always use the DNA Size Standard 550 for Investigator Human Identification PCR Kits. |
|--|---|

\* >4000 RFU for the ABI PRISM 310 Genetic Analyzer; >5000 RFU for the ABI PRISM 3100 and Applied Biosystems 3130/3500 Genetic Analyzers.



## Comments and suggestions

---

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| b) One peak of the allelic ladder is below the peak detection value (50–200 RFU) of the analysis method used, and thus, is not identified | The allelic ladder must be loaded onto the analysis instrument at a higher concentration than samples to be analyzed.<br><br>Alternatively, allelic ladder data can be analyzed with a lower peak detection value in Analysis Software. |
| c) One peak of the allelic ladder is not identified because it is outside the expected size range of the software (in bp)                 | Compare the length of the fragments (in bp) of the first allele in one color of the allelic ladder with the corresponding value in the categories. Then compare it with the other alleles.  |
| d) Point alleles are not found  | Point alleles are i.e., alleles with at least 1 bp difference to the next integer allele. Check the settings of the analysis method. Lower the Peak Window Size value to 11 points.   |

## References

QIAGEN maintains a large, up-to-date online database of scientific publications utilizing QIAGEN products. Comprehensive search options allow you to find the articles you need, either by a simple keyword search or by specifying the application, research area, title, etc.

For a complete list of references, visit the QIAGEN Reference Database online at [www.qiagen.com/RefDB/search.asp](http://www.qiagen.com/RefDB/search.asp) or contact QIAGEN Technical Services or your local distributor.

### Cited references

Bär, W., et al. (1997) DNA recommendations. Further report of the DNA commission of the ISFH regarding the use of short tandem repeat systems. *Forensic Sci. Int.* **87**, 181.

Szibor, R., et al. (2003) Cell line DNA typing in forensic genetics – the necessity of reliable standards. *Forensic Sci. Int.* **138**, 37.

## Ordering Information

<b>Product</b>	<b>Contents</b>	<b>Cat. no.</b>
Investigator Triplex AFS QS Kit (100)	Primer mix, reaction mix, DNA Polymerase, Control DNA, allelic ladder, DNA size standard, and nuclease-free water	380315
Investigator Triplex AFS QS Kit (400)	Primer mix, reaction mix, DNA Polymerase, Control DNA, allelic ladder, DNA size standard, and nuclease-free water	380317
<b>Related products</b>		
<b>Investigator Human Identification PCR Kits</b>		
Investigator Triplex DSF Kit (100)*	Primer mix, reaction mix, DNA Polymerase, Control DNA, allelic ladder, DNA size standard, and nuclease-free water	380325
Investigator ESSplex Plus Kit (100)*	Primer mix, Fast Reaction Mix including HotStarTaq® Plus DNA Polymerase, Control DNA, allelic ladder ESSplex Plus, DNA size standard 550 (BTO), and nuclease-free water	381535
Investigator ESSplex SE Plus Kit (100)*	Primer mix, Fast Reaction Mix including HotStarTaq Plus DNA Polymerase, Control DNA, allelic ladder ESSplex SE Plus, DNA size standard 550 (BTO), and nuclease-free water	381545
Investigator Nonaplex ESS Kit (100)*	Primer mix, reaction mix, DNA Polymerase, Control DNA, allelic ladder, DNA size standard, and nuclease-free water	381315
Investigator Hexaplex ESS Kit (100)*	Primer mix, reaction mix, DNA Polymerase, Control DNA, allelic ladder, DNA size standard, and nuclease-free water	380615
Investigator HDplex Kit (25)*	Primer mix, reaction mix, DNA Polymerase, Control DNA, allelic ladder, DNA size standard, and nuclease-free water	381213
Investigator Decaplex SE Kit (100)*	Primer mix, reaction mix, DNA Polymerase, Control DNA, allelic ladder, DNA size standard, and nuclease-free water	381025

\* Larger kit sizes available; please inquire.

<b>Product</b>	<b>Contents</b>	<b>Cat. no.</b>
Investigator IDplex Plus Kit (100)*	Primer mix, Fast Reaction Mix including HotStarTaq <i>Plus</i> DNA Polymerase, Control DNA, allelic ladder IDplex Plus, DNA size standard 550 (BTO), and nuclease-free water	381625
Investigator Argus X-12 Kit (25)*	Primer mix, reaction mix, DNA Polymerase, Control DNA, allelic ladder, DNA size standard, and nuclease-free water	383213
Investigator Argus Y-12 QS Kit (100)*	Primer mix, reaction mix, DNA Polymerase, Control DNA, allelic ladder, DNA size standard, and nuclease-free water	383615
Investigator DIPplex Kit (25)*	Primer mix, reaction mix, DNA Polymerase, Control DNA, allelic ladder, DNA size standard, and nuclease-free water	384013
<b>Investigator Quantification Kits</b>		
Investigator Quantiplex Kit (200)	Primer mix IC FQ, reaction mix FQ, Control DNA Z1, dilution buffer	387016
Investigator Quantiplex HYres Kit	Primer mix IC YQ, reaction mix FQ, Control DNA Z1, dilution buffer	387116
<b>Investigator Human Identification PCR Kit Accessories</b>		
DNA Size Standard 550 (ROX) (100)	DNA Size Standard 550 (ROX) for 100 reactions	386025
Multi Taq2 DNA Polymerase (100)	100 Units Multi Taq2 DNA Polymerase	386315
<b>Analysis software</b>		
Investigator IDproof Software	Software package on CD including installation files for the Desktop, Server and Client versions of IDproof Software	9020775
Investigator IDproof Demo Key	Free use of the IDproof Desktop version of the software for 30 days after installation	389001

\* Larger kit sizes available; please inquire.

<b>Product</b>	<b>Contents</b>	<b>Cat. no.</b>
Investigator IDproof Single Key	Allows the unlimited use of the Desktop version of the software; to be installed on a single workstation with a local database	389002
Investigator IDproof Server Key	Allows for setup of a server that maintains the database and various workstations to access that database. Must be purchased in conjunction with the Client Key	389003
Investigator IDproof Client Key	Must be purchased in conjunction with the Server Key	389004
Investigator IDproof Mixture Software	Software package on CD including installation files for the Desktop, Server and Client versions of IDproof Mixture Software	9020777
Investigator IDproof Mixture Demo Key	Free use of the IDproof Mixture Desktop version of the software for 30 days after installation	389401
Investigator IDproof Mixture Single Key	Allows the unlimited use of the Desktop version of the software; to be installed on a single workstation with a local database	389402
Investigator IDproof Mixture Server Key	Allows for setup of a server that maintains the database and various workstations to access that database. Must be purchased in conjunction with the Client Key	389403
Investigator IDproof Mixture Client Key	Must be purchased in conjunction with the Server Key	389404
Investigator Template Files	Template files for Investigator Human Identification PCR Kits for use with GeneMapper <i>ID</i> , GeneMapper <i>ID-X</i> , and Genotyper Software, plus DIPSorter freeware (CD-ROM)	389900

<b>Product</b>	<b>Contents</b>	<b>Cat. no.</b>
<b>DNA extraction and purification</b>		
QIAamp® DNA Investigator Kit (50)	50 QIAamp MinElute Columns, Proteinase K, Carrier RNA, Buffers, Collection Tubes (2 ml)	56504
EZ1® DNA Investigator Kit (48)	Reagent Cartridges, Disposable Filter-Tips, Disposable Tip-Holders, Sample Tubes (2 ml), Elution Tubes (1.5 ml), Buffer G2, Proteinase K, Carrier RNA	952034
MinElute PCR Purification Kit (50)*	50 MinElute Spin Columns, Buffers, Collection Tubes (2 ml)	28004

For up-to-date licensing information and product-specific disclaimers, see the respective QIAGEN kit handbook or user manual. QIAGEN kit handbooks and user manuals are available at [www.qiagen.com](http://www.qiagen.com) or can be requested from QIAGEN Technical Services or your local distributor.

Trademarks: QIAGEN®, QIAamp®, EZ1®, HotStarTaq®, Investigator®, MinElute® (QIAGEN Group); ABI PRISM®, Applied Biosystems®, GeneAmp®, GeneMapper®, GeneScan®, Genotyper®, 6-FAM™, HEX™, Hi-Di™, NED™, POP-4™, ROX™ (Applied Biosystems or its subsidiaries); Eppendorf®, Mastercycler® (Eppendorf AG); GenBank® (US Department of Health and Human Services). Registered names, trademarks, etc. used in this document, even when not specifically marked as such, are not to be considered unprotected by law.

#### **Limited License Agreement for the Investigator Triplex AFS QS Kit**

Use of this product signifies the agreement of any purchaser or user of the product to the following terms:

1. The product may be used solely in accordance with the protocols provided with the product and this handbook and for use with components contained in the kit only. QIAGEN grants no license under any of its intellectual property to use or incorporate the enclosed components of this kit with any components not included within this kit except as described in the protocols provided with the product, this handbook, and additional protocols available at [www.qiagen.com](http://www.qiagen.com). Some of these additional protocols have been provided by QIAGEN users for QIAGEN users. These protocols have not been thoroughly tested or optimized by QIAGEN. QIAGEN neither guarantees them nor warrants that they do not infringe the rights of third-parties.
2. Other than expressly stated licenses, QIAGEN makes no warranty that this kit and/or its use(s) do not infringe the rights of third-parties.
3. This kit and its components are licensed for one-time use and may not be reused, refurbished, or resold.
4. QIAGEN specifically disclaims any other licenses, expressed or implied other than those expressly stated.
5. The purchaser and user of the kit agree not to take or permit anyone else to take any steps that could lead to or facilitate any acts prohibited above. QIAGEN may enforce the prohibitions of this Limited License Agreement in any Court, and shall recover all its investigative and Court costs, including attorney fees, in any action to enforce this Limited License Agreement or any of its intellectual property rights relating to the kit and/or its components.

For updated license terms, see [www.qiagen.com](http://www.qiagen.com).

© 2010–2012 QIAGEN, all rights reserved.

---

**www.qiagen.com**

**Australia** ■ techservice-au@qiagen.com

**Austria** ■ techservice-at@qiagen.com

**Belgium** ■ techservice-bnl@qiagen.com

**Brazil** ■ suportetecnico.brasil@qiagen.com

**Canada** ■ techservice-ca@qiagen.com

**China** ■ techservice-cn@qiagen.com

**Denmark** ■ techservice-nordic@qiagen.com

**Finland** ■ techservice-nordic@qiagen.com

**France** ■ techservice-fr@qiagen.com

**Germany** ■ techservice-de@qiagen.com

**Hong Kong** ■ techservice-hk@qiagen.com

**India** ■ techservice-india@qiagen.com

**Ireland** ■ techservice-uk@qiagen.com

**Italy** ■ techservice-it@qiagen.com

**Japan** ■ techservice-jp@qiagen.com

**Korea (South)** ■ techservice-kr@qiagen.com

**Luxembourg** ■ techservice-bnl@qiagen.com

**Mexico** ■ techservice-mx@qiagen.com

**The Netherlands** ■ techservice-bnl@qiagen.com

**Norway** ■ techservice-nordic@qiagen.com

**Singapore** ■ techservice-sg@qiagen.com

**Sweden** ■ techservice-nordic@qiagen.com

**Switzerland** ■ techservice-ch@qiagen.com

**UK** ■ techservice-uk@qiagen.com

**USA** ■ techservice-us@qiagen.com

